CONVOCATION NOTICE OF THE 15TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF SEVEN BANK, LTD.

Dear Shareholder,

We express our deepest condolences to those suffering the effects of the Kumamoto Earthquake.

Notice is hereby given that the 15th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders (the “Meeting”) of Seven Bank, Ltd. (the “Company”) will be held as described below. We look forward to your attendance at the Meeting.

If you are unable to attend the Meeting, you may exercise your voting rights in writing or by electronic means (e.g., the Internet). Please review the “Reference Materials for General Meeting of Shareholders” listed below and exercise your voting rights by 5:30 pm on Tuesday, June 21, 2016.

Yours Sincerely,

Kensuke Futagoishi, President and Representative Director
Seven Bank, Ltd.
6-1 Marunouchi 1-chome,
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Date and time Wednesday, June 22, 2016, at 10:30 am (Doors open at 9:30 am)

Place Ballroom
B2F, The Prince Park Tower Tokyo
8-1 Shibakoen 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
(The start time of the Meeting and the venue are different from those for the previous year. For the meeting venue, please refer to the “Map of the Place for General Meeting of Shareholders” at the end of this notice.)

Agenda of the Meeting

Matters to be Reported

2. Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 15th Fiscal Period (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016) and the Results of Audit by the Accounting Auditor and the Board of Statutory Auditors on Said Consolidated Financial Statements.

Matters to be Resolved

Proposal Election of Eleven (11) Directors

Matters decided in convening the Meeting

1. Should you indicate neither approval nor disapproval on each proposal in the Exercise of Voting Rights Form, it shall be treated as an approval vote.
2. Should you wish to exercise non-uniform voting rights, please provide written notification to this effect, together with the reasons for your decision, no less than three days prior to the Meeting.
Notes:

- From among the documents to be provided together with this convocation notice, "Matters concerning the Company's subscription rights to shares, etc." in the Business Report, "Statement of Changes in Net Assets" and the notes to the Non-consolidated Financial Statements and "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets" as well as the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are disclosed on the Company’s Web site (http://www.sevenbank.co.jp/ir/stock/) and not provided herewith pursuant to the law and Article 14 of the Articles of Incorporation.

The attached documents accompanying this convocation notice and the aforementioned documents posted on the above Web site are included in the documents audited by the Statutory Auditors and the Accounting Auditor to prepare the Audit Report and the Independent Auditor’s Report, respectively.

- If any amendments are made to the Reference Materials for General Meeting of Shareholders, the Business Report and the Consolidated and Non-consolidated Financial Statements, they will be disclosed on the Company's Web site (http://www.sevenbank.co.jp/ir/stock/).
Guidance to the Exercise of Voting Rights

Voting rights are important rights of shareholders. Please exercise your voting rights after carefully reviewing the “Reference Materials for General Meeting of Shareholders.” There are three methods for the exercise of voting rights as follows.

Attending the General Meeting
Please present the enclosed Exercise of Voting Rights Form at the reception desk.

Date and time of the General Meeting
June 22, 2016, at 10:30 am

By mail
Please indicate your approval or disapproval of the proposals on the enclosed Exercise of Voting Rights Form, and return it so that it arrives by the following deadline.

Exercise deadline
Must arrive by 5:30 pm, June 21, 2016

Via the Internet
Please access the voting service Web site (http://www.evote.jp/) designated by the Company and enter your approval or disapproval of the proposals by the following deadline.

Exercise deadline
No later than 5:30 pm, June 21, 2016

Notes on the exercise of voting rights via the Internet
● If you have exercised your voting rights via the Internet, the vote exercised via the Internet shall prevail even if you exercise your voting rights by returning the Exercise of Voting Rights Form by mail.
● If you have exercised your voting rights more than once via the Internet, only the last vote shall prevail.
● Any charges that might be required to access the voting service Web site, such as connection fees charged by Internet service providers and telecommunications charges, shall be borne by the shareholder.
● Please note that the exercise of voting rights using a personal computer or a smartphone, etc. might not be available depending on the Internet environment of each shareholder, and that the exercise of voting rights using mobile Web services might not be available depending on the model of the mobile phone used.

For inquiries about the system environment, etc., contact:
Transfer Agent, Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation (“Help Desk”)
Toll-Free Call: 0120-173-027 Business Hours: 9 a.m.–9 p.m.

To Institutional Investors
As an alternative method for the exercise of voting rights for the Company’s General Meetings, the Electronic Voting Platform operated by Investor Communications Japan, Inc. is available.
Proposal: Election of Eleven (11) Directors

The term of office of all eleven (11) incumbent Directors will expire at the end of this General Meeting of Shareholders. We therefore propose that you elect eleven (11) Directors.

Candidates for the position of Director are as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Candidate number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Biography, position, and business in charge, and important concurrent positions</th>
<th>Number of Company shares owned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Takashi Anzai (January 17, 1941) Reappointed</td>
<td>Apr. 1963 Joined the Bank of Japan&lt;br&gt;Dec. 1994 Executive Director, aforementioned bank&lt;br&gt;Nov. 1998 President, Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited (now Shinsei Bank, Limited)&lt;br&gt;Aug. 2000 Advisor, Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd.&lt;br&gt;Apr. 2001 President, the Company&lt;br&gt;Sep. 2005 Director, Seven &amp; i Holdings Co., Ltd. (present post)&lt;br&gt;Jun. 2010 Chairman and Representative Director, the Company (present post)&lt;br&gt;<strong>[Major Concurrent Positions]</strong>&lt;br&gt;Director, Seven &amp; i Holdings Co., Ltd.&lt;br&gt;<strong>[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]</strong> Mr. Takashi Anzai, as Chairman and Representative Director of the Company, possesses abundant experience, demonstrated performance and insight into the overall management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges Mr. Anzai to be a suitable person to administer and supervise the Company’s overall management, and reappointed him as a candidate for Director.</td>
<td>584,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kensuke Futagoishi (October 6, 1952) Reappointed</td>
<td>Apr. 1977 Joined The Sanwa Bank, Limited (now The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)&lt;br&gt;Apr. 2001 General Manager of Retail Business Planning Division, UFJ Holdings, Inc. (now Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.)&lt;br&gt;Jan. 2002 General Manager of Gotanda Corporate Sales Department, UFJ Bank Limited (now The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)&lt;br&gt;Oct. 2003 Joined the Company&lt;br&gt;Nov. 2003 General Manager of Business Promotion Division, aforementioned company&lt;br&gt;Jun. 2004 Director, aforementioned company&lt;br&gt;Jun. 2006 Director, Executive Officer, aforementioned company&lt;br&gt;Nov. 2007 Director, Managing Executive Officer, aforementioned company&lt;br&gt;Jun. 2009 Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer, aforementioned company&lt;br&gt;Jun. 2010 President and Representative Director, aforementioned company (present post)&lt;br&gt;<strong>[Business in Charge]</strong> Internal Audit Division&lt;br&gt;<strong>[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]</strong> Mr. Kensuke Futagoishi, as President and Representative Director of the Company, has controlled the Company’s overall management, striving to achieve the medium- to long-term growth strategies of the Company. Mr. Futagoishi possesses broad knowledge not only in management of a company but also in strengthening corporate governance. Therefore, the Company judges him to be a suitable candidate for Director.</td>
<td>226,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Candidate number</td>
<td>Name (Date of birth)</td>
<td>Biography, position and business in charge, and important concurrent positions</td>
<td>Number of Company shares owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 3                | Yasuaki Funatake (November 29, 1956) Reappointed | Apr. 1980 Joined the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited (now Shinsei Bank, Limited.)  
Jul. 2001 Manager of Retail Business Development Division, Shinsei Bank Limited  
Dec. 2001 Joined the Company  
Oct. 2002 General Manager of Business Development Division, aforementioned company  
May 2006 General Manager of Project Development Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2006 Executive Officer, General Manager of Project Development Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2008 Director, Executive Officer, General Manager of Business Promotion Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2010 Director, Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of Planning Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2013 Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of Planning Division, aforementioned company  
Apr. 2014 Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer, aforementioned company (present post) | 185,400 |
| [Business in Charge] | Planning Division, General Affairs Division, Human Resources Division  
Mr. Yasuaki Funatake, as Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company, has controlled the Company’s management strategies, financial and capital policies and public relations and IR activities addressing stakeholders, and possesses broad knowledge in overall bank operation. Therefore, the Company judges Mr. Funatake to be a suitable candidate for Director. |
| 4                | Kazuhiko Ishiguro (December 2, 1957) Reappointed | Apr. 1980 Joined The Sanwa Bank, Limited (now The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)  
Nov. 1998 Assistant General Manager of System Division (Tokyo), aforementioned bank  
Apr. 2001 Director, Ufit Co., Ltd. (now TIS Inc.) (on loan)  
Apr. 2004 Director, UFJIS Co., Ltd. (now Mitsubishi UFJ Information Technology, Ltd.) (on loan)  
Mar. 2006 Executive Managing Director, aforementioned company (on loan)  
May 2009 Joined the Company  
May 2009 Executive Officer, General Manager of System Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2010 Director, Executive Officer, General Manager of System Division, aforementioned company  
Jun. 2013 Director, Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of System Division, aforementioned company  
Apr. 2014 Director, Managing Executive Officer, aforementioned company (present post) | 24,800 |
| [Business in Charge] | System Division, ATM Solution Division, and Administration Division  
[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]  
Mr. Kazuhiko Ishiguro, as Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company, has controlled the Company’s System Division, which supports the ATMs, products and services of the Company, and possesses abundant experience, demonstrated performance and insight related to systems and overall bank operation. Therefore, the Company judges Mr. Ishiguro to be a suitable candidate for Director. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Candidate number</th>
<th>Name (Date of birth)</th>
<th>Biography, position and business in charge, and important concurrent positions</th>
<th>Number of Company shares owned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 5                | Taku Oizumi (October 24, 1956) Reappointed | **Biography, position and business in charge, and important concurrent positions**  
 Apr. 1980 Joined the Bank of Japan  
 Nov. 2002 Branch Manager of Yokohama Branch, aforementioned bank  
 Jul. 2006 General Manager of Payment and Settlement Systems Department, aforementioned bank  
 Apr. 2008 General Manager of Currency Issue Department, aforementioned bank  
 Jul. 2010 Joined the Company  
 Jan. 2011 Executive Officer, aforementioned company  
 Jun. 2012 Director, Executive Officer, aforementioned company  
 Oct. 2013 Director, Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of Overseas Business Division, aforementioned company  
 Apr. 2014 Director, Managing Executive Officer, aforementioned company (present post)  
 May 2014 Director, Seven Financial Service Co., Ltd.  

**[Business in Charge]**  
International Business Division  

**[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]**  
Mr. Taku Oizumi, as Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company, has controlled the International Business Division, which promotes the Company’s overseas business development, and possesses abundant experience, demonstrated performance and insight related to the Company’s global business strategies. Therefore, the Company judges Mr. Oizumi to be a suitable candidate for Director. | 11,900 |
| 6                | Hisanao Kawada (July 29, 1960) Newly appointed | **Biography, position and business in charge, and important concurrent positions**  
 Apr. 1984 Joined The Sanwa Bank, Limited (now The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)  
 Dec. 2005 Joined the Company  
 Oct. 2006 General Manager of Project Development Division, aforementioned company  
 Sep. 2011 Executive Officer, General Manager of Product Service Division, aforementioned company  
 Jul. 2013 Executive Officer, General Manager of Business Promotion Division, aforementioned company  
 Jul. 2015 Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of Business Promotion Division, aforementioned company (present post)  
 May 2016 Director, Seven Financial Service Co., Ltd. (present post)  

**[Business in Charge]**  
Business Promotion Division and Treasury Division  

**[Major Concurrent Positions]**  
Director, Seven Financial Service Co., Ltd.  

**[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]**  
Mr. Hisanao Kawada, as the present Managing Executive Officer of the Company, has led the planning and promotion of new products and services and the expansion of business partners in the ATM business. Mr. Kawada possesses abundant experience and demonstrated performance related to the Company’s operation. Therefore the Company judges him to be a suitable candidate for Director. | 20,000 |
<table>
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<tr>
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</thead>
</table>
May 2004 Executive Officer, aforementioned company  
Sep. 2005 Senior Officer, Accounting Dept., Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.  
Jan. 2006 Executive Officer, Senior Officer of Accounting Dept., aforementioned company  
May 2012 Director, Executive Officer, Senior Officer of Accounting Dept., aforementioned company  
Jun. 2013 Director, the Company (present post)  
May 2015 Statutory Auditor, York Mart Co., Ltd. (present post)  
[Major Concurrent Position]  
Director, Executive Officer, and Senior Officer of Accounting Dept., Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.  
[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Director]  
Mr. Akihiko Shimizu’s experience as Director of Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd., has genuinely contributed to the management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges him to be a suitable candidate for Director. | 20,000 |
| 8                | Yoji Ohashi (January 21, 1940) Reappointed Independent Officer Outside Director | Apr. 1964 Joined All Nippon Airways Co., Ltd.  
Jun. 1993 Director, aforementioned company  
Jun. 1997 Executive Managing Director, aforementioned company  
Jun. 1999 Vice President and Representative Director, aforementioned company  
Apr. 2001 President and Representative Director, aforementioned company  
Apr. 2005 Chairman and Representative Director, aforementioned company  
Apr. 2007 Chairman and Director, aforementioned company  
May 2008 Vice Chairman, Japan Business Federation  
Jun. 2008 Director, the Company (present post)  
Oct. 2010 Director, TV TOKYO Holdings Corporation (present post)  
Apr. 2013 Chairman and Director, ANA HOLDINGS INC.  
Apr. 2015 Executive Advisor, aforementioned company (present post)  
[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Outside Director]  
Mr. Yoji Ohashi’s experience and insight, etc., as Representative Director of ANA HOLDINGS INC. and Vice Chairman of the Japan Business Federation has genuinely contributed to the management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges him to be a suitable candidate for Outside Director. | 2,200 |
| 9                | Yuko Miyazaki (July 9, 1951) Reappointed Outside Director | Apr. 1979 Registered as an Attorney-at-law, joined Daiichi Tokyo Bar Association (present post)  
Apr. 1979 Joined Nagashima & Ohno (current Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu)  
Aug. 1984 Joined as Counsel of Legal Department, The World Bank (until August 1986)  
Jan. 1988 Partner, Nagashima & Ohno (current Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu) (present post)  
Jun. 2012 Director, the Company (present post)  
Jun. 2015 Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Oji Holdings Corporation (present post)  
[Major Concurrent Position]  
Attorney-at-law (Partner, Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu)  
[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Outside Director and additional information]  
Ms. Yuko Miyazaki is an attorney-at-law, specializing in tax law and corporate legal affairs. Ms. Miyazaki’s legal knowledge and abundant experience, etc., have genuinely contributed to the management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges her to be a suitable candidate for Outside Director. Although Ms. Miyazaki has not been directly involved in corporate management other than as an Outside Director, for the above reasons, the Company judges that she can be expected to perform her duties as Outside Director appropriately. | 0 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Biography, position and business in charge, and important concurrent positions</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Shuji Ohashi (November 23, 1938) Reappointed Independent Officer Outside Director</td>
<td>Apr. 1961 Joined Japan Management Association (now JMA Consultants Inc.) May 1975 Registered as a Certified Public Accountant Jun. 1991 Managing Director and General Manager of Overseas Division, aforementioned company Sep. 1993 President and Representative Director, JMAC AMERICA, INC. Jun. 2001 Executive Advisor, JMA Consultants Inc. (present post) Jun. 2013 Director, the Company (present post) Jun. 2014 Director, YOKOWO CO., LTD. (present post) <strong>[Major Concurrent Positions]</strong> Certified Public Accountant and Management Consultant (Head of Shuji Ohashi Office) <strong>[Reasons for appointing the candidate for Outside Director]</strong> Mr. Shuji Ohashi's professional knowledge as a Certified Public Accountant, broad knowledge as a management consultant and abundant experience as a manager of a company has genuinely contributed to the management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges him to be a suitable candidate for Outside Director.</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Yuri Okina (March 25, 1960) Reappointed Independent Officer Outside Director</td>
<td>Apr. 1984 Joined the Bank of Japan Apr. 1992 Joined The Japan Research Institute, Limited. Jul. 2000 Member of Financial System Council, Financial Services Agency Jun. 2006 Counselor, The Japan Research Institute, Limited Apr. 2008 Visiting Professor, Waseda University Jun. 2008 Director, Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha (present post) Jul. 2008 Executive Vice President, National Institute for Research Advancement (present post) Jun. 2013 Director, the Company (present post) Mar. 2014 Outside Director, Bridgestone Corporation (present post) Jun. 2014 Vice Chairman, The Japan Research Institute, Limited (present post) Sep. 2014 Invited Professor, Keio University (present post) <strong>[Major Concurrent Position]</strong> Vice Chairman, The Japan Research Institute, Limited <strong>[Reasons for appointing the candidate for outside Director and additional information]</strong> Ms. Yuri Okina's long experience in studying financial systems and financial administration and involvement in the Financial System Council of the Financial Services Agency have genuinely contributed to the management of the Company. Therefore, the Company judges her to be a suitable candidate for Outside Director. Although Ms. Okina has not been directly involved in corporate management other than as an Outside Director, the Company judges that she will be able to perform duties appropriately as an Outside Director for the above reasons.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
1. Candidate Mr. Akihiko Shimizu serves as Director, Executive Officer and Senior Officer of the Accounting Department of Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd., which is a specific related company of the Company. There are no particular interests between the Company and any of the other candidates for Director.
2. Candidates Mr. Yoji Ohashi, Ms. Yuko Miyazaki, Mr. Shuji Ohashi and Ms. Yuri Okina are candidates for Outside Director of the Company.
3. Instances in violation of the laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or other misconduct committed in other companies while the candidates for Outside Director assumed offices as Directors, Executive Officers, or Statutory Auditors of the other companies, if any in the last five years, are as follows:
   - Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha for which Ms. Yuri Okina assumes office as Director received an exclusion order and an order to pay an administrative monetary penalty from the Fair Trade Commission in March 2014 for acting in violation of the Antimonopoly Act in connection with its specified vehicle carrier service. In December 2014, the said company agreed to a plea bargain with the U.S. Department of Justice for acting in violation of the U.S. Antitrust Law in connection with its maritime transport of vehicles. In addition, about a similar incident, the company reconciled with the Competition Commission of South Africa in 2015 and was notified of a resolution made by the National Development and Reform Commission of China. Although Ms. Yuri Okina had not been aware of the acts targeted by said orders or the plea bargain until the investigation of these acts began, she had regularly expressed her views on legal compliance. After this issue was revealed, she has endeavored to reinforce the Company's legal compliance systems by providing opinions to prevent the recurrence of any acts in violation of the Japan Antimonopoly Act and the violation of any other kinds of competition law in foreign countries as well.
4. Mr. Yoji Ohashi, Ms. Yuko Miyazaki, Mr. Shuji Ohashi and Ms. Yuri Okina are currently Outside Directors of the Company and their periods of service as Outside Directors will be eight years for Mr. Yoji Ohashi, four years for Ms. Yuko Miyazaki, and three years for Mr. Shuji Ohashi and Ms. Yuri Okina as of the conclusion of the Meeting.
5. With candidates Mr. Yoji Ohashi, Ms. Yuko Miyazaki, Mr. Shuji Ohashi, Ms. Yuri Okina and Mr. Akihiko Shimizu, the Company currently has a contract for limitation of indemnity liability as provided in Article 423, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act on the basis of the provisions of Article 427, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act. (Provided, however, that the amount of the liability limitation
under the contract is as provided by law.) If the election of each candidate is approved as originally proposed, this contract shall continue to be effective.

6. Candidates Mr. Yoji Ohashi, Mr. Shuji Ohashi and Ms. Yuri Okina have been registered as Independent Officers, as provided in the Tokyo Stock Exchange Regulations, with the Tokyo Stock Exchange. If their election to Outside Directors is approved as originally proposed, they will continue to be registered as Independent Officers.
Matters concerning the current status of the Company

1. Business developments and outcomes

Description of main businesses

Seven Bank (the “Company”) provides a range of cash deposit and withdrawal services via a highly convenient Automated Teller Machine (ATM) network operating 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. The ATM network consists of ATMs at airports, train stations and outlets of banking and financial institutions, as well as retail outlets including Seven-Eleven and Ito-Yokado, which belong to the Seven & i Holdings Group (the “Group”), backed by partnerships with a wide variety of financial institutions including regular banks, shinkin banks, credit cooperatives, labor banks, JA Bank, JF Marine Bank, Shoko Chukin Bank, securities companies, life insurance companies, credit card companies and consumer finance companies.

The Company also provides close and convenient bank account services including ordinary deposits, time deposits, loan services and international money transfer services accessible from more than 22,000 ATMs nationwide, PCs and smartphones, primarily for the benefit of personal customers having our bank’s account.

Economic and Financial environment

During the fiscal year under review, the Japanese economy stayed on a moderate recovery path with the effect of the economic measures by the Japanese government. The financial environment remained substantially relaxed with the effect of the “Quantitative and Qualitative Monetary Easing (QQE) with a Negative Interest Rate,” which was introduced by the Bank of Japan, leading to the significantly lowered interest on short- and long-term government bonds.

Business developments and outcomes for the fiscal year under review

(1) ATM services

During fiscal 2015, Seven Bank aggressively promoted the installation of ATMs within and outside the Group to enhance the convenience for customers when they use our ATMs.

Also during fiscal 2015, we established new partnerships with Bank of The Ryukyus, Limited (March 2016), as well as one shinkin bank and two other financial institutions. As a result, as of March 31, 2016, we partnered with 123 banks, 261 shinkin banks, 129 credit cooperatives, 13 labor banks, JA Bank, JF Marine Bank, Shoko Chukin Bank, 11 securities companies, 8 life insurance companies and 47 other financial institutions, totaling 595 businesses.

Within the Group, we have installed ATMs in areas with new Seven-Eleven store openings and steadily increased the number of ATMs installed. As for operations outside the Group, to address customer needs, we aggressively promoted the installation of ATMs inside each facility for transportation, logistics and tourism, resulting in 44 ATMs in airports (as of March 31, 2016) and 241 at railroad stations (as of March 31, 2016). In addition, to address the need of ATMs with which international cards issued overseas can be used at locations visited by foreigners, we have been promoting ATM installation in collaboration with The Eighteenth Bank, Ltd., and JOYO Bank., Ltd. Furthermore, in July 2015 we installed our third directly owned ATM corner in Osaka-shi, Osaka, following Kabuki-cho, Shinjuku, Tokyo, and Shinbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo.

Furthermore, to enrich our ATM services, we are promoting replacement with third-generation ATMs with higher processing speed, improved operability, enhanced security and energy efficiency. The replacement with the new ATMs has been completed for more than 90% of all our ATMs. (The number of third-generation ATMs in place as of March 31, 2016, was 21,442.)

As a result of such initiatives, the number of our ATMs installed reached 22,472 (up 6.7% compared with the end of March 2015). The average daily transactions per ATM were 98.8
(down 2.0% year over year), and a total of 782 million transactions were recorded (up 5.2% year over year).

Notes:
1. Compared with the 122 banks with which we had partnerships at the end of March 2015, one bank was newly added as partners resulting in 123 bank partnerships at the end of March 2016.
2. Compared with 262 shinkin banks with which we had partnerships at the end of March 2015, one shinkin bank was newly added as a partner, and two shinkin banks ceased to be partners due to a merger, resulting in 261 partnerships at the end of March 2016.
3. Compared with 130 credit cooperatives with which we had partnerships at the end of March 2015, one credit cooperative ceased to be a partner due to a merger, resulting in 129 partnerships at the end of March 2016.
4. Compared with 45 other financial institutions with which we had partnerships at the end of March 2015, two financial institutions were newly added as partners, resulting in 47 partnerships at the end of March 2016.
5. JA Bank and JF Marine Bank are each counted as one institution.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change in Number of ATM Transactions</th>
<th>Change in Number of ATMs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Unit: millions of transactions)</td>
<td>(Unit: number of ATMs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial institution for deposits and savings</td>
<td>Nonbank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>696</td>
<td>736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>638</td>
<td>673</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Financial services business
The Company had 1,562 thousand individual customer accounts at the end of March 2016 (up 11.1% compared with the end of March 2015), a balance of deposits of 389,800 million yen (up 5.0% year over year) and a balance of personal loan services of 16,200 million yen (up 55.7% year over year).

With regard to the international money transfer services, the number of contract accounts and money transfers both increased. The number of money transfers made during fiscal 2015 was 816 thousand (up 29.0% year over year). Moreover, as a new operational base for our international money transfer services, in March 2016 we set up the Kawasaki Azalea Outlet in Kawasaki, Kanagawa Prefecture, following NAGOYA - SAKAE Outlet and Fukuoka Outlet.

Bank Business Factory Co., Ltd. (“Bank Business Factory”), the Company’s consolidated subsidiary, is conducting clerical work for the Company and developing businesses to conduct commissioned clerical operations for other financial institutions. As of March 31, 2016, four financial institutions other than the Company outsourced their clerical operations on commission to Bank Business Factory.

(3) Overseas subsidiaries
As of December 31, 2015, the number of ATMs owned by FCTI, Inc., the Company’s consolidated subsidiary in the United States, became 6,625. With regard to business results of FCTI, Inc. for the consolidated fiscal year (from January 2015 to December 2015), ordinary income was 78.5 million U.S. dollars, the ordinary loss was 2.0 million U.S. dollars and the net loss was 1.5 million U.S. dollars.

PT. ABADI TAMBAH MULIA INTERNASIONAL, the Company’s consolidated subsidiary established jointly with a local company in Indonesia in June 2014, started to install ATMs. As of December 31, 2015, the number of ATMs installed by PT. ABADI TAMBAH MULIA INTERNASIONAL was 49.

(4) Operating results
Results of our operation in fiscal 2015 achieved ordinary income of 110,465 million yen (up
4.5% year over year), ordinary profit of 39,002 million yen (up 1.9% year over year) and net income of 26,107 million yen (up 6.7% year over year).

Both revenues and profits increased mainly due to the increase in the number of our ATMs installed and the growth in the total number of ATM transactions.

The Company’s consolidated ordinary income for the year under review was 119,939 million yen (up 5.1% year over year), consolidated ordinary profit was 37,167 million yen (up 0.3% year over year), and net income attributable to owners of the parent was 24,716 million yen (up 6.4% year over year).

(5) Assets, liabilities and net assets

Total assets at the end of March 2016 were 910,801 million yen. The majority of this total comprised cash and due from banks required for the operation of ATMs of 641,558 million yen.

The remainder mostly consisted of marketable securities of 83,332 million yen held as collateral for foreign exchange settlements and Bank of Japan current account overdraft transactions, and 83,399 million yen representing ATM-related temporary payments, which are temporary advances from partner financial institutions.

Liabilities were 727,627 million yen. These largely comprised deposits (excluding negotiable certificates of deposit) totaling 547,065 million yen. Of these, the outstanding balance of individuals’ ordinary deposits was 212,463 million yen and the balance of individuals’ time deposits was 177,395 million yen.

Net assets were 183,174 million yen. Of these, retained earnings were 121,258 million yen.
Issues the Company needs to cope with

In fiscal 2016, our earnings environment is predicted to be strong mainly because the number of our ATMs to be installed is expected to grow along with the opening of more Seven-Eleven stores. On the other hand, changes in domestic and overseas macro economies could affect our earnings environment.

To achieve our sustainable growth under these circumstances, we recognize as a crucial issue the need to create a broad-based earnings structure through initiatives to

1) Further strengthen our ATM business;
2) Nurture our financial services; and
3) Take initiatives to establish international and new businesses.

Specific projects and programs for the above are as follows:

1) Further strengthen our ATM business

In the ATM business, in addition to continuing our approach to non-partner financial institutions, we will offer new services to partner financial institutions to maximize the usage of our ATM networks. In expanding our ATM installations, we will take proactive initiatives for operations outside the Group while continuing to steadily install ATMs within the Group. Also, in line with the Japanese government’s strategy to attract tourists to Japan, we will thoroughly reinforce the notification function to raise recognition of our related services to address the needs of inbound tourism and pursue synergies with Group companies and organizations at which our ATMs are installed, thereby improving the ATM usage rate. In addition, we will strive to steadily complete replacing our existing ATMs with our third-generation ATMs, the number of which already exceeds 90% of our ATMs, and strive to ensure a secure environment where customers can use ATMs with safety and security.

2) Nurture our financial services

To nurture our financial services, we will improve the convenience of our bank accounts and, in line with the Group’s Omni-Channel strategy, we will strive to offer products and services to address the needs of financing and financial settlement services. For our international money transfer services, we will strive to enhance convenience for customers and offer services that fully utilize the Company’s strengths to promote further expansion of our user base. In personal loan services, we aim to increase the number of contract accounts while raising awareness of the services. Furthermore, we will strive to reinforce sales proceeds deposit services utilizing ATMs.

Bank Business Factory Co., Ltd., the Company’s consolidated subsidiary established in fiscal 2014, will expand businesses to conduct commissioned clerical operations for other financial institutions, while conducting clerical work for the Company.

3) Take initiatives to establish international and new businesses

In international businesses, the U.S. subsidiary will prepare system and personnel structures, etc., toward starting to install ATMs within the U.S. Seven-Eleven stores in fiscal 2017. Moreover, in Indonesia, where the Company established a subsidiary jointly with a local company in fiscal 2014, we will endeavor to develop businesses to absorb Asia’s growth power leveraging the new subsidiary as a bridgehead. With respect to other new businesses, we will cultivate new business opportunities to fully utilize our know-how and infrastructure.

The Company will meet the expectations of its shareholders through these initiatives.

We trust that this outlook appeals to our shareholders, and we look forward to your continued support for our ongoing operations.
## 2. Assets and profit/loss

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2012</th>
<th>FY2013</th>
<th>FY2014</th>
<th>FY2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deposits</strong></td>
<td>3,943</td>
<td>4,375</td>
<td>5,016</td>
<td>5,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Time deposits</strong></td>
<td>1,549</td>
<td>2,097</td>
<td>2,483</td>
<td>2,547</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Others</strong></td>
<td>2,394</td>
<td>2,278</td>
<td>2,531</td>
<td>2,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bonds</strong></td>
<td>1,390</td>
<td>1,150</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Loans receivable</strong></td>
<td>33</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>To individuals</strong></td>
<td>33</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>To medium and small enterprises</strong></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Others</strong></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commodity-related securities</strong></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Securities</strong></td>
<td>836</td>
<td>1,103</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Government bonds</strong></td>
<td>706</td>
<td>810</td>
<td>305</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Others</strong></td>
<td>129</td>
<td>293</td>
<td>534</td>
<td>833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>8,094</td>
<td>7,853</td>
<td>8,503</td>
<td>9,108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount of domestic exchange handled</strong></td>
<td>277,536</td>
<td>293,264</td>
<td>311,432</td>
<td>327,104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount of foreign exchange handled</strong></td>
<td>Millions of U.S. dollars 85</td>
<td>Millions of U.S. dollars 155</td>
<td>Millions of U.S. dollars 240</td>
<td>Millions of U.S. dollars 315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary profit</strong></td>
<td>Millions of yen 32,013</td>
<td>Millions of yen 37,142</td>
<td>Millions of yen 38,258</td>
<td>Millions of yen 39,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income for the term</strong></td>
<td>Millions of yen 19,515</td>
<td>Millions of yen 22,325</td>
<td>Millions of yen 24,457</td>
<td>Millions of yen 26,107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income per share for the term</strong></td>
<td>Yen 16.38</td>
<td>Yen 18.74</td>
<td>Yen 20.53</td>
<td>Yen 21.92</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.

## (Reference) Assets and profit/loss of the Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY2012</th>
<th>FY2013</th>
<th>FY2014</th>
<th>FY2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary income</strong></td>
<td>949</td>
<td>1,055</td>
<td>1,140</td>
<td>1,199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary profit</strong></td>
<td>318</td>
<td>357</td>
<td>370</td>
<td>371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income attributable to owners of the parent</strong></td>
<td>193</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>247</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td>204</td>
<td>237</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets</strong></td>
<td>1,380</td>
<td>1,534</td>
<td>1,698</td>
<td>1,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>8,125</td>
<td>7,903</td>
<td>8,564</td>
<td>9,153</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.

## 3. Employees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Current FY end</th>
<th>Previous FY end</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of employees</strong></td>
<td>343</td>
<td>327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average age</strong></td>
<td>42 years, 1 month</td>
<td>42 years, 6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average years of service</strong></td>
<td>6 years, 9 months</td>
<td>6 years, 7 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average monthly salary</strong></td>
<td>425 thousand yen</td>
<td>448 thousand yen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Figures for average age, average years of service and average monthly salary are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.
2. Number of employees does not include officers, executive officers, temporary or part-time employees, employees on loan to other companies and dispatched employees, whereas it includes employees on loan from other companies.
3. Average monthly salary is the average figure for March, excluding bonuses.
### 4. Outlets and branch stores

#### A. Growth in numbers of outlets and branch stores

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Current FY end</th>
<th>Previous FY end</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total (Outlets)</td>
<td>(Outlets)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tokyo metropolitan region</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saitama Prefecture</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chiba Prefecture</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kanagawa Prefecture</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aichi Prefecture</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fukuoka Prefecture</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Outlets and branch stores include the headquarters, 17 virtual branch stores (12 for individuals, 5 for corporations), all of which are located at the headquarters and 7 manned outlets.
2. In addition to the above, non-store ATMs were installed in 20,728 locations as of the end of FY 2015 (up from 19,355 as of the end of FY 2014).

#### B. New outlets and branch stores for FY 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of outlet or branch store</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kawasaki Azalea Outlet of the headquarters</td>
<td>B1, 26-2 Ekimae-honmachi, Kawasaki-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa Prefecture</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: There were 2,001 new non-store ATMs installed, while 628 non-store ATMs were closed in FY2015.

#### C. List of bank agencies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Location of the major office or operating office</th>
<th>Major operation other than bank agency business</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relia, Inc.</td>
<td>6-5, Yoyogi 2-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo</td>
<td>Call center operation (answering phone calls)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### D. Bank agency services, etc. operated by Seven Bank

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name/trade name of affiliated financial institutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saitama Resona Bank, Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sony Bank Inc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5. Plant and equipment investment

#### A. Total amount of investment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total amount of plant and equipment investment</th>
<th>(Unit: millions of yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17,216</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. The above figure is rounded off to the nearest whole unit.
2. The above figure represents total investment amount in tangible and intangible fixed assets (excluding transfers from temporary accounts).

#### B. Important plant and equipment newly established

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Amount (Unit: millions of yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATMs</td>
<td>8,885</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software</td>
<td>7,550</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.
6. Principal parent company and subsidiary, etc.

A. Parent company

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Main businesses</th>
<th>Date of Incorporation</th>
<th>Stated Capital</th>
<th>Percentage of voting rights in the Company owned by the parent company</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seven &amp; i Holdings Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo</td>
<td>Pure holding company</td>
<td>September 1, 2005</td>
<td>Millions of yen 50,000</td>
<td>% 45.81 (45.81)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Parentheses in the column of the percentage of voting rights indicate a ratio of indirect ownership.

The parent company has relationships with the Company including a deposit transaction relationship.

B. Subsidiary, etc.

(As of March 31, 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Main businesses</th>
<th>Date of Incorporation</th>
<th>Stated Capital</th>
<th>Percentage of voting rights in subsidiaries, etc. owned by the Company</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FCTI, Inc.</td>
<td>California, USA</td>
<td>ATM operation business</td>
<td>August 25, 1993</td>
<td>Millions of U.S. dollars 19</td>
<td>% 100.00</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCTI Canada, Inc.</td>
<td>Ontario, Canada</td>
<td>ATM operation business</td>
<td>July 8, 2015</td>
<td>Thousands of Canadian dollars 200</td>
<td>100.00 (100.00)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| PT. ABADI TAMBAH MULIA
   INTERNASIONAL               | Jakarta Special Capital
   Region, Indonesia          | ATM operation         | June 10, 2014         | 100 millions of Indonesian rupiah 900 | 96.66                                                             | —      |
| Bank Business Factory Co., Ltd. | Yokohama, Kanagawa
   Prefecture, Japan         | Commissioned clerical work | July 1, 2014          | Millions of yen 50    | 100.00                                                              | —      |

Note: Parentheses in the column of the percentage of voting rights indicate a ratio of indirect ownership.

7. Assignment of business, etc.

Not applicable

8. Other important items concerning the current situation of the bank

Major loan sources

(Unit: millions of yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan sources</th>
<th>Amount of loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Matters concerning Company officers (Directors and Statutory Auditors)

1. Status of Company officers

(As of the end of fiscal year)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position and business in charge</th>
<th>Important Concurrent Posts</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Takashi Anzai</td>
<td>Chairman and Representative Director</td>
<td>Director, Seven &amp; i Holdings Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masatoshi Wakasugi</td>
<td>Vice Chairman and Director, Executive Officer</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kensuke Futagoishi</td>
<td>President and Representative Director [Business in Charge] Internal Audit Division</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yasuaki Funatake</td>
<td>Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer [Business in Charge] Planning Division</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kazuhiko Ishiguro</td>
<td>Director, Managing Executive Officer [Business in Charge] System Division and Business Development</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taku Oizumi</td>
<td>Director, Managing Executive Officer [Business in Charge] Treasury Division, ATM Administration Division and International Business Division</td>
<td>Director, Seven Financial Service Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Akihiko Shimizu</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>Director, Executive Officer and Senior Officer, Accounting Dept. of Seven &amp; i Holdings Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yoji Ohashi</td>
<td>Director (Outside Director)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuko Miyazaki</td>
<td>Director (Outside Director)</td>
<td>Attorney-at-law (Partner, Nagashima Ohno &amp; Tsunematsu)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shuji Ohashi</td>
<td>Director (Outside Director)</td>
<td>Certified Public Accountant and Management Consultant (Head of Shuji Ohashi Office)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuri Okina</td>
<td>Director (Outside Director)</td>
<td>Vice Chairman of the Institute, The Japan Research Institute, Limited</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toshiaki Ikeda</td>
<td>Statutory Auditor (full-time)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isamu Hirai</td>
<td>Statutory Auditor (full-time)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetsuya Katada</td>
<td>Statutory Auditor (Outside Statutory Auditor)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naomi Ushio</td>
<td>Statutory Auditor (Outside Statutory Auditor)</td>
<td>Professor, School of Information and Communication, Meiji University</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunihiro Matsuo</td>
<td>Statutory Auditor (Outside Statutory Auditor)</td>
<td>Attorney-at-law (Head of Kunihiro Matsuo Law Firm)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
Mr. Yoji Ohashi, Mr. Shuji Ohashi, Ms. Yuri Okina, Mr., Tetsuya Katada, Ms., Naomi Ushio and Mr. Kunihiro Matsuo have been registered as Independent Officers, as provided in the Tokyo Stock Exchange Regulations, with the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
2. Remuneration, etc. for Company officers

(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number of persons</th>
<th>Remuneration, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Director</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>380 (inclusive of 74 million yen in non-remuneration payments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditor</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>454 (inclusive of 74 million yen in non-remuneration payments)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.
2. The “Remuneration, etc.” in the above table includes 74 million yen of subscription rights to shares as “non-remuneration payments” which were granted to six Directors as stock options by resolution of the Board of Directors on July 3, 2015.
3. There are no officers’ bonuses or retirement benefits for Directors and Statutory Auditors.
4. In accordance with a resolution of the 11th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 19, 2012, the annual limit of remuneration for Directors was determined to be 350 million yen (including 60 million yen for Outside Directors). Furthermore, separately from the Directors’ remuneration, an annual limit of 100 million yen was set for stock options granted to Directors.
5. The annual limit of remuneration for Statutory Auditors was determined to be 100 million yen by resolution of the 7th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 18, 2008.

3. Liability limitation agreements

On the basis of the provisions of Article 427, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act, the Company has concluded agreements with all Directors without executive authority over operations and Outside Statutory Auditors for limitation of indemnity liability as provided in Article 423, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act.

The amount of the liability limitation under the agreement is as provided by law.

3 Matters concerning Outside Company officers

1. Concurrent posts held by Outside Company officers, etc.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Concurrent posts, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yoji Ohashi</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Yuko Miyazaki | Attorney-at-law (Partner, Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu)  
There are no major business interests and other relationships between the Company and Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu. |
| Shuji Ohashi | Certified Public Accountant and Management Consultant (Head of Shuji Ohashi Office)  
There are no major business interests and other relationships between the Company and Shuji Ohashi Office. |
| Yuri Okina | Vice Chairman of the Institute, The Japan Research Institute, Limited  
There are no major business interests and other relationships between the Company and The Japan Research Institute, Limited. |
| Tetsuya Katada | None                                                                                  |
| Naomi Ushio | Professor, School of Information and Communication, Meiji University  
There are no major business interests and other relationships between the Company and Meiji University. |
| Kunihiro Matsuo | Attorney-at-law (Head of Kunihiro Matsuo Law Firm)  
There are no major business interests and other relationships between the Company and Kunihiro Matsuo Law Firm. |
2. Contribution of Outside Company officers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Appointment period</th>
<th>Attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors, etc., during fiscal 2015</th>
<th>Verbal input and other contributions at meetings of the Board of Directors, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yoji Ohashi</td>
<td>June 2008 to present</td>
<td>Attended 10 of 13 meetings of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on his experience as a management executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuko Miyazaki</td>
<td>June 2012 to present</td>
<td>Attended all 13 meetings of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions on legal compliance and internal controls in areas such as management policy and company operations, drawing on her experience as an Attorney-at-law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shuji Ohashi</td>
<td>June 2013 to present</td>
<td>Attended all 13 meetings of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on his experience as a Certified Public Accountant and management consultant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuri Okina</td>
<td>Same as above</td>
<td>Attended all 13 meetings of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on her experience as an expert and university professor in the field of corporate management and financial conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetsuya Katada</td>
<td>June 2010 to present</td>
<td>Attended 12 of 13 meetings of the Board of Directors, Attended all 14 meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on his experience as a management executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naomi Ushio</td>
<td>June 2011 to present</td>
<td>Attended 12 of 13 meetings of the Board of Directors, Attended 13 of 14 meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on her experience as a university professor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunihiro Matsuo</td>
<td>June 2013 to present</td>
<td>Attended 11 of 13 meetings of the Board of Directors, Attended 11 of 14 meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>Contributed advice and opinions regarding management policy and company operations, drawing on his experience as an Attorney-at-law</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Remuneration for Outside Company officers

(Unit: millions of yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of persons</th>
<th>Remuneration from the bank</th>
<th>Remuneration from the bank’s parent company and others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total remuneration, etc.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit.
2. Outside Company officers did not receive executive bonuses, stock options or retirement benefits.

4. Input from Outside Company officers

Not applicable
4 Matters concerning Company shares

1. Number of shares

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total number of shares available for issuance</th>
<th>Common stock</th>
<th>4,763,632 thousand shares</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total number of shares issued</td>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>1,191,001 thousand shares</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Number of Shareholders as at the end of fiscal 2015

69,985

3. Major shareholders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder name</th>
<th>Shareholding in the Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of shares</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>(thousand shares)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>453,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY (standing proxy: The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Tokyo Branch)</td>
<td>57,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>46,961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York-Benimaru Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>45,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (trust account)</td>
<td>30,826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)</td>
<td>30,158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THE BANK OF NEW YORK, NON-TREATY JASDEC ACCOUNT (standing proxy: The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)</td>
<td>20,785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTHERN TRUST CO. AVFC RE FIDELITY FUNDS (standing proxy: The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Tokyo Branch)</td>
<td>15,522</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited (standing proxy: Trust &amp; Custody Services Bank, Ltd.)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. In regard to the "Number of shares" above, less than 1,000 shares were rounded down.
2. The percentage of holdings above was calculated by excluding treasury stock (128 shares), and with the third decimal place rounded down.
3. The Report of Possession of Large Volume, which was made for public view as of November 9, 2015, states that FMR LLC holds 85,642,157 shares (holding ratio: 7.19%) as of October 30, 2015. However, because the Company was unable to verify the actual number of shares held by the firm as of the end of fiscal 2015, the firm is not included in the list of major shareholders above.

4. Other important items concerning the Company shares

Not applicable
### Matters concerning the Company’s subscription rights to shares, etc.

#### 1. The Company’s subscription rights to shares, etc., owned by Company officers as of the end of the fiscal year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., First Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>June 18, 2008</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>157</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>157,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 13, 2008, to August 12, 2038</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Second Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>July 10, 2009</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>171</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>171,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 4, 2009, to August 3, 2039</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</td>
<td>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
<td>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name : Seven Bank, Ltd., Second Round (2) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares : 9</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided : July 10, 2009</td>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares : 9,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share : 1 yen</td>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares : From August 4, 2009, to August 3, 2039</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name : Seven Bank, Ltd., Third Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares : 423</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided : July 9, 2010</td>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares : 423,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share : 1 yen</td>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares : From August 10, 2010, to August 9, 2040</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</td>
<td>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name : Seven Bank, Ltd., Fourth Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided : July 1, 2011</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares : 440</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares : 440,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share : 1 yen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares : From August 9, 2011, to August 8, 2041</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name : Seven Bank, Ltd., Fourth Round-(2) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided : July 1, 2011</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares : 16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares : 16,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share : 1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares : From August 9, 2011, to August 8, 2041</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</td>
<td>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Fifth Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>July 6, 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>363,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 7, 2012, to August 6, 2042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Sixth Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>July 5, 2013</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>216</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>216,000 shares of common stock of the Company (1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription rights to share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 6, 2013, to August 5, 2043</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</td>
<td>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
<td>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Seventh Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>July 4, 2014</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>193</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>193,000 shares of common stock of the Company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 5, 2014, to August 4, 2044</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directors (Excluding outside company officers)</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who hold subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Eighth Round-(1) Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>July 3, 2015</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>138</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and type of shares to be acquired for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>138,000 shares of common stock of the Company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a share</td>
<td>1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>From August 11, 2015, to August 10, 2045</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside Directors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Auditors</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. The details of Seven Bank, Ltd. First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares were partially amended by the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors' meeting held on July 18, 2008, and the table above shows the revised version.

2. With regard to the Seven Bank, Ltd. First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares to Fourth Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares, the number of shares to be acquired per subscription rights to share states the number of shares after adjustment for the 1,000-for-1 stock split for common stock that was conducted on December 1, 2011.
2. The Company's subscription rights to shares, etc., granted to employees, etc., during the fiscal year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive Officers</th>
<th>Outline of the subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
<th>Number of persons who were allotted subscription rights to shares, etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Seven Bank, Ltd., Eighth Round-(2) Subscription</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuance decided</td>
<td>: July 3, 2015</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of</td>
<td>: 39</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subscription rights</td>
<td>Number and type of shares to be</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to shares</td>
<td>39,000 shares of common stock of the Company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1,000 shares per subscription rights to share)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amount to be paid for exercising a subscription</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>rights to share : 1 yen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise period for</td>
<td>Exercise period for subscription rights to shares</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>: From August 11, 2015, to August 10, 2045</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Employees          | —                                                | —                                                                  |
| Company officers and employees of the Company's subsidiaries, subsidiary corporations or entities | —                                                | —                                                                  |
6 Matters concerning Accounting Auditors

1. Accounting Auditors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company and individual names</th>
<th>Remuneration, etc., for the fiscal year</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KPMG AZSA LLC Designated Limited Liability Partners: CPA Hiroyuki Yamada CPA Hiroshi Umetsu</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>(Reason for the Company's Board of Statutory Auditors giving consent as to remuneration, etc., paid to the Accounting Auditors) Receiving the report on the Accounting Auditors’ accounting audit plan for the current fiscal year and other documents, inspecting the previous year’s audit performance by the auditing auditors and, based on its evaluation, the Company’s Board of Statutory Auditors verified the adequacy of estimated hours and the amount paid for the audit duties. As a result, the board judged that the remuneration, etc., for the accounting auditors is appropriate, therefore it gave consent under Article 399, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Figures in the table are rounded off to the nearest whole unit. 2. In audit contracts between the Company and its Accounting Auditors, as no distinction is made, or can substantially be made, between the amounts paid for audit as accounting auditors' remuneration pursuant to the Companies Act and those pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the amount noted as being paid as “Remuneration, etc., for the fiscal year” states the total of such amounts. 3. Total amount of money and other property benefits payable to the Accounting Auditors by the Company and its subsidiary corporations or entities: 53 million yen

2. Limitation of liability contracts
Not applicable.

3. Other matters concerning Accounting Auditors

A. Policies on the dismissal or refusal of reappointment of Accounting Auditors

In cases where circumstances concerning the Accounting Auditors correspond to grounds as specified by the items under Article 340, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act, the Company’s Board of Statutory Auditors may consider the dismissal of the Accounting Auditors, and, in cases where dismissal of the Accounting Auditors is deemed to be appropriate, shall dismiss the Accounting Auditors on the basis of the agreement of all of the Statutory Auditors. Furthermore, the Company’s Board of Statutory Auditors may, in consideration of the work conducted by the Accounting Auditors and the Company’s auditing structure, etc., make a proposal to the General Meeting of Shareholders that the Accounting Auditors not be reappointed in cases where they deem that a change of Accounting Auditors is necessary.

B. In the case of a large company as defined by Article 444, Paragraph 3, of the Companies Act, and where an audit (in accordance with the Companies Act or the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, or equivalent laws in foreign jurisdictions) of financial documents (and their equivalents) of important subsidiary corporations or entities of the bank is conducted by the audit corporation (including a body with an equivalent qualification in a foreign jurisdiction), or an audit is conducted by a Certified Public Accountant (including a foreign CPA subject to CPA Law 16-2, Paragraph 5) other than the Accounting Auditors of the bank, details thereof:

PT. ABADI TAMBAH MULIA INTERNASIONAL was audited by an audit corporation other than the Accounting Auditors of the Company (including a body with an equivalent qualification in a foreign jurisdiction).

7 Basic policy concerning the current status of persons supervising the determination of financial and operational policy

The Company’s policy is to ensure that suitable measures are taken to ensure the continued growth of the Company’s business, the strengthening of its corporate governance and the maximization of its corporate value.

8 System for ensuring the suitable maintenance of operations

It was resolved at a Board of Directors’ meeting held on May 8, 2006, that the relevant steps
would be taken to ensure the suitable maintenance of operations of the Company in accordance with Article 362, Paragraph 4, Item 6, of the Companies Act. In regard to this resolution, each fiscal year the Company undertakes a review of the progress made toward this end. An outline of the review follows:

1) System for ensuring that the execution of their duties by Directors is carried out in accordance with the law and the Articles of Incorporation
The Board of Directors has established a “Basic Policy on Compliance” and “Compliance Standards” for the implementation of compliance as regards management. The Directors regularly report to the Board of Directors on the current state of progress made on compliance initiatives.

2) System for the storage and control of information related to the execution by Directors of their duties
The information related to the execution by Directors of their duties is to be appropriately stored and controlled without fail, and prompt disclosure of the information is to be made in cases where there is a request made either by Directors or Statutory Auditors.

3) Regulations and other structures for controlling the risk of loss
The Board of Directors has established a “Basic Policy on Risk Control” comprising systematic provisions for risk control with the aim of securing a sound and effective management for the appropriate control of the Company’s operational risk. The Directors regularly report to the Board of Directors about issues related to risk control.

4) System for ensuring the efficient execution of their duties by Directors
The Board of Directors aims to ensure its efficient operation by establishing “Rules for the Board of Directors” and by making provisions for important issues to be placed on its agenda and suitably reported. The Board of Directors has established the Executive Committee for the efficient determination of operational policy initiatives and introduced an executive officer system with the aim of achieving the smooth and efficient implementation of such initiatives.

5) System for ensuring that the execution of duties by employees is carried out in accordance with the law and the Articles of Incorporation
The Directors have established an appropriate compliance system based on the “Basic Policy on Compliance” and “Compliance Standards.” The Directors bear ultimate responsibility for the creation of structures to ensure compliance in the execution of employees’ duties, determination of policy, execution of such policies, verification of their implementation status and assessment of the policies.

6) Structure for the maintenance of the appropriateness of the Group’s operations
The Directors and employees of the Company, as members of the Seven & i Holdings Group sharing the Group’s management philosophy, are united in striving to promote a law-abiding attitude. With the aim of prioritizing the soundness of the Company’s management, the Company has established a structure for independent management decision making while continuing to adhere to the arm’s-length rule and other measures. To ensure the appropriateness of operations conducted by the Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries, the Board of Directors formulates the “Basic Policy to Manage Subsidiaries,” and, based on such “Basic Policy to Manage Subsidiaries,” Directors put a structure in place to manage subsidiaries appropriately.

7) Items concerning relevant employees in the case of requests from Statutory Auditors for the deployment of the Company’s employees to support the role of Statutory Auditors
The Company shall install the Statutory Auditors’ Office and deploy employees dedicated for the Statutory Auditors’ Office to support the role of Statutory Auditors. In addition, the Directors shall, when requested by the Statutory Auditors, have employees assist with the audit function.

8) Items concerning the independence of the Company’s employees dedicated to the Statutory Auditors’ Office from the Directors
Concerning the employees dedicated to the Statutory Auditors’ Office, the Officers in charge of the Human Resources Division should preliminarily report to, and gain prior approval of, the full-time Statutory Auditors concerning personnel transfers, performance evaluations of the personnel and disciplinary actions.

9) Items concerning ensuring the effectiveness of instructions given to the employees who assist Statutory Auditors with their audit duties

The Company shall ensure the appropriate number of employees dedicated to the Statutory Auditors’ Office and the authority to give instructions and orders to such employees shall belong to the Statutory Auditors. Concerning the employees dedicated to the Statutory Auditors’ Office, the Officers in charge of the Human Resources Division should preliminarily report to, and gain prior approval of, the full-time Statutory Auditors concerning personnel transfers, performance evaluations of the personnel and disciplinary actions. Moreover, the employees dedicated to the Statutory Auditors’ Office shall have an authority to investigate the appropriateness of duties and collect necessary information.

10) System for reports to the Company’s Statutory Auditors made by Directors and employees

Directors shall receive explanation as necessary from the Board of Statutory Auditors regarding the audit policy, the audit plan, the status of implementation of audits and the audit results. Directors shall determine the issues that should be reported to the Board of Statutory Auditors by consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors, and shall duly make their report to the Board of Statutory Auditors. Directors and employees shall promptly report to the Statutory Auditors matters that have a significant impact on the overall company, the status of implementation of internal audits and important matters related to compliance in addition to legal issues. With regard to subsidiaries, a department in charge of subsidiaries shall be installed inside the Company and such a department shall receive reports from directors and employees of the subsidiaries regarding each subsidiary’s business operation and internal management related to compliance and risk management and other situations. The content reported from subsidiaries to the department shall be reported by the department to the Statutory Auditors as necessary.

11) System for ensuring that persons who report to the Statutory Auditors do not receive unreasonable treatment because of the reporting

As a system to ensure that persons who report to the Statutory Auditors do not receive unreasonable treatment because of the reporting, the Company shall verify that the related internal rules have been improved and that there is a system to monitor the appropriate implementation of such rules, and check if such a system is being operated appropriately.

12) Matters related to the procedures for prepayment or reimbursement of expenses incurred by the execution of duties by the Statutory Auditors or policies related to other processing of expenses or obligations incurred by execution of duties by the Statutory Auditors

Concerning expenses for regular audit duties, a relevant budget shall be made according to the audit plan formulated by the Statutory Auditors. With regard to expenses for emergency audits or extraordinary expenses, the reimbursement of such expenses can be requested afterward.

13) Other systems for ensuring the effectiveness of audits by the Statutory Auditors

Directors and the Internal Audit Division shall regularly hold meetings with the Board of Statutory Auditors, exchange opinions concerning important audit issues, etc., and deepen mutual understanding.

14) Status of operation of the structure for the maintenance of the appropriateness of the Group’s operations

a. Compliance system
The Company has a Compliance Committee installed for the purpose of inspecting and evaluating the company-wide compliance from the perspective of comprehensive management and operation. During the fiscal year under review, the Compliance Committee met four times, understanding compliance-related issues and discussing the measures to address such issues.

Furthermore, during the fiscal year under review, various kinds of training was conducted concerning “thorough implementation of information management rules” as a priority issue under a compliance program of the Company.

b. Risk management system

The Company has a Risk Management Committee installed for the purpose of deliberating on important matters regarding the status of risk management reported from the Risk Management Division controlling each risk and reporting the content to the Executive Committee. During the fiscal year under review, the Risk Management Committee met five times, receiving reports from the Risk Management Division controlling each risk concerning the risk management status and evaluation, etc., and discussing measures to address such risks.

Furthermore, during the fiscal year under review, the Company installed a team dedicated to responding to cyber security incidents (CSIRT).

c. Execution of duties by Directors

During the fiscal year under review, the Board of Directors held 13 meetings to determine matters stipulated by laws and regulations, as well as the Company’s Articles of Incorporation. In addition, the board determined management policy, formulated a budget and determined other important managerial matters; analyzed and evaluated monthly business performance; and deliberated from the perspectives of compliance with laws, regulations and the Company’s Articles of Incorporation, as well as the appropriateness of business duties.

In addition, during the fiscal year under review, the Board of Directors implemented measures to enrich the content of deliberation and enhance the efficiency of deliberation, such as reviewing the decision-making authority, prioritizing matters to be put on the agenda of or reported to meetings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, explaining to Outside Directors beforehand on certain issues that might have a significant effect on management and making efforts to further deepen an understanding of the Company’s business operation.

d. Group management structure

Regarding the subsidiaries’ business plans that the Company approved, the Company gives the subsidiaries some room for their discretion in the execution of business within the approved range. Then, the Board of Directors, at its meetings, shall receive reports from directors, etc., of subsidiaries regarding the status of management, etc., of such subsidiaries to understand the current situation. In addition, the Company’s Internal Audit Division regularly audits business operation of subsidiaries.

e. Execution of duties by the Statutory Auditors

The Company’s Board of Statutory consists of five Statutory Auditors including three Outside Statutory Auditors. During the fiscal year under review, the Board of Statutory Auditors held 14 meetings, receiving reports from full-time Statutory Auditors with regard to the current status of the Company and exchanging opinions among the Statutory Auditors.

In addition, the Statutory Auditors attend important meetings such as Board of Directors meetings and the Executive Committee meetings, regularly exchanging information with Representative Directors, the Accounting Auditor and the Internal Audit Division, thereby monitoring Directors’ execution of duties.

f. Ensuring the effectiveness of audits by the Statutory Auditors

To support the role of the Statutory Auditors, the Company has the Statutory Auditors’ Office with two employees dedicated to the office, assisting the Statutory Auditors with their duties.

Directors receive explanation as necessary from the Board of Statutory Auditors regarding the audit policy, the audit plan, the status of implementation of audits and the audit results. Directors determine the issues that should be reported to the Board of Statutory Auditors by consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors, and they are duly reporting to the Board of Statutory Auditors.
Directors and employees of the Company and directors and employees of the subsidiaries report to the Statutory Auditors as necessary regarding matters that have a significant impact on the overall company, the status of implementation of the internal audits and important matters related to compliance in addition to legal issues.

9 Matters concerning specific wholly owned subsidiaries
   Not applicable

10 Matters concerning transactions with the bank’s parent company and others
   Not applicable

11 Matters concerning accounting advisors
   Not applicable

12 Other
   Policy concerning the exercise of authority granted to the Board of Directors by the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation under the terms of Article 459, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act
   One of the most important aspects of the Company’s management policy is the return of profits to shareholders; therefore, it is a key policy of the Company to strive to ensure that a stable dividend is continuously paid from reserves while taking into consideration the need to achieve a balance between ensuring an appropriate level of return of profits to shareholders and retained earnings. The Company’s basic policy is the targeting of an annual minimum payout ratio of 35% and the payment of dividends twice (i.e., an interim dividend and a year-end dividend) during the fiscal year.
### Balance Sheet
at the End of the 15th Term (as of March 31, 2016)
(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>(Assets)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(Liabilities)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and due from banks</td>
<td>641,558</td>
<td>Deposits</td>
<td>547,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>559,302</td>
<td>Ordinary deposits</td>
<td>292,142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from banks</td>
<td>82,256</td>
<td>Time deposits</td>
<td>254,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call loans</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>Other deposits</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities</td>
<td>83,332</td>
<td>Negotiable certificates of</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal bonds</td>
<td>13,446</td>
<td>deposits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>50,900</td>
<td>Borrowed money</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stocks</td>
<td>1,037</td>
<td>Borrowings</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other securities</td>
<td>17,948</td>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>110,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans receivable</td>
<td>16,208</td>
<td>Income taxes payable</td>
<td>6,806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current overdrafts</td>
<td>16,208</td>
<td>Accrued expenses</td>
<td>4,827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>93,501</td>
<td>ATM-related temporary advances</td>
<td>37,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid expenses</td>
<td>623</td>
<td>Asset retirement obligations</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued income</td>
<td>8,527</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>4,567</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM-related temporary payments</td>
<td>83,399</td>
<td>Provision for bonuses</td>
<td>379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>951</td>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>727,627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tangible fixed assets</strong></td>
<td>29,606</td>
<td>(Net assets)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>1,731</td>
<td>Capital stock</td>
<td>30,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATMs</td>
<td>24,454</td>
<td>Capital surplus</td>
<td>30,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (tangible fixed assets)</td>
<td>3,419</td>
<td>Legal capital surplus</td>
<td>30,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intangible fixed assets</strong></td>
<td>20,685</td>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>121,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software</td>
<td>18,310</td>
<td>Legal retained earnings</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software-related temporary</td>
<td>2,370</td>
<td>Other retained earnings</td>
<td>121,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>accounts</td>
<td></td>
<td>Retained earnings brought</td>
<td>121,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>forward</td>
<td></td>
<td>Treasury stock</td>
<td>(0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid pension cost</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>Total shareholders’ equity</td>
<td>182,286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>914</td>
<td>Valuation difference on</td>
<td>343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowance for loan losses</td>
<td>(65)</td>
<td>available-for-sale securities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total valuation and translation</td>
<td>343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>adjustments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total net assets</td>
<td>183,174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>910,801</td>
<td>Total liabilities and net assets</td>
<td>910,801</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Statement of Income  
for the 15th Term (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)  
(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary income</strong></td>
<td>110,465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income</td>
<td>2,279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on loans receivable</td>
<td>2,091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and dividends on securities</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on call loans</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on deposits with banks</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fees and commissions income</strong></td>
<td>107,894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance-related fee income</td>
<td>2,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM-related fee income</td>
<td>102,261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other fees and commissions income</td>
<td>3,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other ordinary income</strong></td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gains on foreign exchange transactions</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other income</strong></td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gain on sales of stocks and other securities</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary expenses</strong></td>
<td>71,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest expenses</td>
<td>1,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on deposits with banks</td>
<td>565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on negotiable certificates of deposits</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on call money</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on borrowings and rediscounts</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on bonds</td>
<td>553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fees and commissions expenses</strong></td>
<td>15,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance-related fee expense</td>
<td>1,164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM placement fee expenses</td>
<td>12,703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM-related fee expenses</td>
<td>841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other fees and commissions expenses</td>
<td>988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General and administrative expenses</strong></td>
<td>54,416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other ordinary expenses</strong></td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision of allowance for loan losses</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ordinary expenses</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary profit</strong></td>
<td>39,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Extraordinary losses</strong></td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Losses on disposal of noncurrent assets</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Income before income taxes</strong></td>
<td>38,825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes - current</td>
<td>12,654</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes - deferred</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total income taxes</strong></td>
<td>12,718</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income</strong></td>
<td>26,107</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Statement of Changes in Net Assets**

for the 15th Term (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)

(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholders' equity</th>
<th>Capital stock</th>
<th>Capital surplus</th>
<th>Retained earnings</th>
<th>Treasury stock</th>
<th>Total shareholders' equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Capital stock</td>
<td>Legal capital surplus</td>
<td>Total capital surplus</td>
<td>Legal retained earnings</td>
<td>Other retained earnings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of April 1, 2015</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>104,976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in items during the period</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from surplus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total changes of items during the period</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of March 31, 2016</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>121,258</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valuation and translation adjustments</th>
<th>Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities</th>
<th>Total valuation and translation adjustments</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Total net assets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of April 1, 2015</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>449</td>
<td>166,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in items during the period</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from surplus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(9,825)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26,107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in items other than shareholders' equity</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total change in items during the period</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>16,359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of March 31, 2016</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>545</td>
<td>183,174</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Explanatory Notes
Amounts of less than one million yen have been discarded.

Significant accounting policies
1. Basis and methodology for the valuation of securities
   As for valuation of securities, stocks of subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations are stated at cost using the moving-average method and available-for-sale securities are stated, in principle, at their market values at the balance sheet date (realized gains or losses on sales of such securities are computed using primarily the moving-average method). Provided, however, that available-for-sale securities whose fair market value is deemed to be extremely difficult to identify are stated at cost using the moving-average method. Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are reported as a separate component of net assets.

2. Method for calculating depreciation of fixed assets
   (1) Tangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)
   Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is calculated by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of major items are as follows:
   - Buildings: 6–18 years
   - ATMs: 5 years
   - Others: 2–20 years
   (2) Intangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)
   Intangible fixed assets are amortized using the straight-line method. Software utilized by the Company is amortized over the period in which it is expected to be utilized (five years).

3. Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies
   Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen mainly at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date excluding stocks of subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations, which are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of their acquisition.

4. Provisioning standards
   (1) Allowance for loan losses
   An allowance for loan losses is provided as detailed below in accordance with the Company’s internal standards for write-offs and provisions.
   For credits to obligors classified as normal obligors or watch obligors, on the basis of expected loss ratios and other factors, and defined according to fixed categories, the allowance for loan losses is provided based on the Company’s estimated rate of credit losses in accordance with the “Administrative guidelines concerning the self-assessment of assets, bad debt amortization and bad debt reserves for banks and other financial institutions” (Bank Audit Special Committee Report No. 4 issued on July 4, 2012, by The Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA)). For credits to obligors classified as bankruptcy risk obligors, the allowance for loan losses is provided for estimated unrecoverable amounts determined after excluding the portion that is estimated to be recoverable due to available security interests and guarantees. For credits to obligors classified as substantially bankrupt obligors or bankrupt obligors, the allowance for loan losses is provided in the full amounts of such credits, excluding the portion that is estimated to be recoverable due to available security interests and guarantees.
   The Company’s Risk Management Division, which is independent from the Company’s other divisions, evaluates all credits in accordance with its internal rules for self-assessment of assets, and its evaluations are audited by the Internal Audit Division, which is independent from the Company’s other divisions and the Risk Management Division. The allowance is provided based on the results of these assessments.
   (2) Reserve for bonuses
   The Company records a reserve for bonuses for employees in the amount of estimated bonuses attributed to the relevant fiscal year.
(3) Employees’ severance and retirement benefits

Reserve for employees’ severance and retirement benefits is provided for possible payment of employees’ retirement benefits at the amount to be accrued at the balance sheet date, and is calculated based on projected benefit obligations and the related plan assets as of the fiscal year-end. In calculating the projected benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate the projected retirement benefits to the years of service up to the end of the fiscal year under review.

Net actuarial difference is amortized as follows:

Net actuarial difference: Amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years within the employees’ average remaining service period at the time of occurrence, commencing from the next fiscal year of occurrence.

For the fiscal year under review, as the projected plan assets exceeded the amount at which the projected benefit obligations were adjusted for the unrecognized prior service cost and the unrecognized actuarial differences, the excess was recorded as prepaid pension cost in the balance sheet.

5. Method of accounting for hedge transactions

Interest rate risk hedges

For some liabilities, we have employed a special accounting treatment for interest rate swaps. For hedges designed to reduce the impact of volatility in the market for variable interest rates, we have individually identified the hedge target and designated interest rate swap trades as hedge transactions.

6. Consumption taxes

National and local consumption taxes are accounted for using the tax-excluded method.
Change in accounting policy
(Application of the “Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations,” etc.)

The Company has applied the “Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations” (ASBJ Statement No. 21 issued on September 13, 2013; hereinafter the “Accounting Standard for Business Combinations”) and the “Revised Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures” (ASBJ Statement No. 7 issued on September 13, 2013; hereinafter the “Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures”) effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. Consequently, the accounting method has been changed to that by which acquisition-related costs are treated as expenses for the fiscal year during which such costs are accrued. Meanwhile, with regard to business combinations that will be made on and after the beginning of the fiscal year under review, the accounting method has been revised to that where the distributed amounts of acquisition costs reviewed by determining the provisional accounting treatment are reflected on the financial statements for the fiscal year to which the date of said business combination belongs.

As for the application of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations, etc., provisional accounting treatment, which is respectively set forth in Article 58, Paragraph 2, Item 4 of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations and Article 57, Paragraph 4, Item 4 of the Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures, has come to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year under review prospectively.

There is no impact of the application of the above accounting standard, etc., on the financial statements.

Important notes
(Balance sheet)

1. Total amount of stocks (and capital stock) of subsidiaries and affiliates: 16,535 million yen
2. Among the loans receivable, credits to bankrupt obligors were 2 million yen, and loans in arrears were 39 million yen.
   “Credits to bankrupt obligors” refers to loans receivable for which accrued interest was not declared on the grounds that there are no prospects for the collection or repayment of the principal or interest because the payment of the principal or interest has been continually in arrears for a considerable period of time or for other such reasons (excluding the written-off portion; hereinafter referred to as “loans with undeclared accrued interest”) that correspond to any of the situations referred to in (a) through (e) of Paragraph 1, Item 3 of Article 96 of the Order for Enforcement of the Corporation Tax Act (Cabinet Order No. 97, 1965) or the situation referred to in Paragraph 1, Item 4 of said Article.
   “Loans in arrears” refers to loans with undeclared accrued interest other than credits to bankrupt obligors and loans for which an interest payment grace period has been granted for the purpose of reestablishing or assisting the business of the obligor.
3. Loans receivable do not include loans in arrears for three months or more.
   “Loans in arrears for three months or more” refers to loans for which the payment of the principal or interest has been in arrears for three months or more counting from the day after the due date agreed upon, excluding credits to bankrupt obligors and loans in arrears.
4. Loans receivable do not include restructured loans.
   “Restructured loans” refers to loans for which reduction of interest, interest payment grace period, principal repayment grace period, debt forgiveness or other such arrangements that are advantageous to the obligor have been made for the purpose of reestablishing or assisting the business of the obligor, excluding credits to bankrupt obligors, loans in arrears and loans in arrears for three months or more.
5. Total amount of credits to bankrupt obligors, loans in arrears, loans in arrears for three months or more and restructured loans is 41 million yen. The amounts of credits stated in Nos. 2 to 5 above are amounts prior to the deduction of the allowance for loan losses.
6. For the purposes of settlement and Bank of Japan current overdraft transactions, securities of 61,776 million yen in available-for-sale securities have been provided. Also, 833 million yen in guarantees are included in Other Assets.
7. An overdraft agreement is an agreement to lend funds up to a certain limit if a financing request is received from a customer, unless there is any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement. The unused balance of funds under such agreements is 6,455 million yen. This includes the unused balance of funds in the amount of 6,455 million yen under agreements in which the original term is one year or less.
8. Accumulated depreciation for tangible fixed assets 38,692 million yen
9. Total monetary claims on subsidiaries and affiliates 86 million yen
10. Total monetary liabilities payable to subsidiaries and affiliates 33,303 million yen
11. Restriction on dividends from retained earnings in accordance with Article 18 of the Banking Law
When paying a dividend from retained earnings, despite the provisions of the Companies Act Article 445, Paragraph 4 (amount of capital and amount of reserves), on payment of a dividend from retained earnings, one fifth of the amount by which retained earnings has been reduced is to be accounted as legal capital surplus or retained earnings. No amount is accounted for in legal capital surplus and in retained earnings associated with the dividends to be paid from retained earnings during this fiscal year.

(Statement of income)
Profit from trading with subsidiaries and affiliates
Total income from fund management transactions 13 million yen
Total income from fee transactions, etc. 892 million yen
Total income from other transactions and other ordinary transactions 50 million yen
Costs deriving from transactions with subsidiaries and affiliates
Total costs deriving from fund raising transactions 7 million yen
Total costs deriving from fee transactions, etc. 11,667 million yen
Total costs deriving from other transactions 767 million yen

(Statement of changes in net assets)
The types and number of shares of treasury stock of the Company are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of shares at the beginning of this fiscal year</th>
<th>Increase during this fiscal year</th>
<th>Decrease during this fiscal year</th>
<th>Number of shares at the end of this fiscal year</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treasury stock</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Securities held for trading purposes (as of March 31, 2016)
   Not applicable

2. Bonds held to maturity (as of March 31, 2016)
   Not applicable

3. Shares in subsidiary firms, subsidiary corporations, affiliates and others (as of March 31, 2016)
   There are no shares in subsidiary firms, subsidiary corporations, affiliates and others that have market value.

   Note: Stocks of subsidiary firms, subsidiary corporations, affiliates and others whose market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Securities</th>
<th>Balance sheet amount (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stocks of subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations</td>
<td>16,535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>16,535</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   These stocks do not have any market price, and their market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify; therefore, they are not included in the "Shares in subsidiary firms, subsidiary corporations, affiliates and others" above.

4. Other securities (as of March 31, 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Balance sheet amount (million yen)</th>
<th>Acquisition cost (million yen)</th>
<th>Gains/losses (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Securities whose balance sheet amounts exceed acquisition costs</td>
<td>Stocks</td>
<td>793</td>
<td>151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>36,918</td>
<td>36,900</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate bonds</td>
<td>36,918</td>
<td>36,900</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
<td>37,711</td>
<td>37,051</td>
<td>659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities whose balance sheet amounts do not exceed acquisition costs</td>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>27,428</td>
<td>27,443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal bonds</td>
<td>13,446</td>
<td>13,457</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate bonds</td>
<td>13,981</td>
<td>13,986</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
<td>27,428</td>
<td>27,443</td>
<td>(14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>65,140</td>
<td>64,495</td>
<td>645</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Note: Other securities whose market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Balance sheet amount (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unlisted stocks</td>
<td>144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment in capital of partnership</td>
<td>1,513</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,657</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   The above securities are not included in "Other Securities" above, since they do not have any market price, and their market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify.

5. Bonds held to maturity sold during the fiscal year (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)
   Not applicable
6. Other securities sold during the fiscal year (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Sales amount (million yen)</th>
<th>Total gain on sales (million yen)</th>
<th>Total loss on sales (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stocks</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Changes in purpose of holding securities
   Not applicable

8. Securities to which impairment is applied
   Not applicable

(Money held in trust)
   Not applicable

(Tax effect accounting)
1. Breakdown of the main reasons for the creation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

   **Deferred tax assets:** (million yen)
   - Unpaid corporate tax: 450
   - Excess depreciation charge: 167
   - Stock options-related expenses: 167
   - Provision for bonuses: 117
   - Asset retirement obligations: 107
   - Accrued expenses (previously Provision for directors’ retirement benefits): 61
   - Excess bad debt reserve: 20
   - Other: 32
   - **Total deferred tax assets:** 1,124

   **Deferred tax liabilities:**
   - Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities: (151)
   - Adjustment to tangible fixed assets related to asset retirement obligations: (39)
   - **Prepaid pension cost:** (18)
   - **Total deferred tax liabilities:** (209)
   - **Net deferred tax assets:** 914

2. Following the enactment by the Diet on March 29, 2016, of the “Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc.” (Act No. 15, 2016), and the “Act to Amend the Local Taxation Act, etc.” (Act No. 13, 2016), the corporate income tax has been reduced effective from the fiscal year that begins on or after April 1, 2016. In accordance with this measure, the effective statutory tax rate, which is used to measure deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, will be reduced to 30.86% from the previous 32.26% for temporary differences that are expected to be eliminated during the fiscal years commencing on April 1, 2016 and 2017, and to 30.62% for temporary differences that are expected to be eliminated during the fiscal year commencing on April 1, 2018, and subsequent fiscal years. The impact of this change in the effective statutory tax rate was a decrease of 42 million yen in deferred tax assets, an increase of 8 million yen in valuation difference on available-for-sale securities and an increase of 50 million yen in income taxes—deferred.
(Related party information)

1. Dealings with related parties

(1) Parent company and important corporate shareholders, etc.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Capital (million yen)</th>
<th>Content of business or operations</th>
<th>% of voting rights</th>
<th>Relationship Transactions</th>
<th>Transaction amount (million yen)</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amounts outstanding at term end (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other related company</td>
<td>Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo</td>
<td>17,200</td>
<td>Convenience store operation</td>
<td>Directly held</td>
<td>Contracts related to installation &amp; operation of ATM business capital transactions</td>
<td>11,667</td>
<td>Accrued expenses (Note 2)</td>
<td>1,062</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Conditions of transactions and method for determining conditions for transactions
   The business terms and conditions and decision-making process related to ATM placement fee expenses comprehensively take into account the consideration for outsourcing of office work and Seven-Eleven Japan’s total infrastructure costs.
   2. Consumption tax and other taxes are not included in the transaction amount, but the end-of-term outstanding balance includes consumption tax and other taxes.

(2) Subsidiaries and related companies, etc.
   None

(3) Companies with the same parent and subsidiaries of other affiliated companies, etc.
   None

(4) Directors and individual shareholders, etc.
   None

2. Notes about parent company or important related companies

(1) Parent company information
   Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. (listed on the First Section of Tokyo Stock Exchange)

(2) Summary financial information about important related companies
   None
(Per share information)

Net assets per share 153.34 yen
Basic earnings per share 21.92 yen
Diluted earnings per share 21.87 yen

(Significant subsequent events)

None
## Consolidated Balance Sheet
at the End of the 15th Term (as of March 31, 2016) (Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and due from banks</td>
<td>645,838</td>
<td>Deposits</td>
<td>546,981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call loans</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>Negotiable certificates of</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities</td>
<td>66,797</td>
<td>deposits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans receivable</td>
<td>16,208</td>
<td>Borrowed money</td>
<td>15,022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM-related temporary payments</td>
<td>83,407</td>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>110,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>11,961</td>
<td>Other liabilities</td>
<td>17,807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tangible fixed assets</td>
<td>30,890</td>
<td>Provision for bonuses</td>
<td>458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>1,741</td>
<td>Net defined benefit liability</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATMs</td>
<td>25,493</td>
<td>Deferred tax liabilities</td>
<td>1,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (tangible fixed assets)</td>
<td>3,656</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intangible fixed assets</strong></td>
<td>34,356</td>
<td><strong>Net assets</strong></td>
<td>730,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software</td>
<td>18,626</td>
<td>Capital stock</td>
<td>30,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (intangible fixed assets)</td>
<td>15,730</td>
<td>Capital surplus</td>
<td>30,496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net defined benefit asset</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>117,402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>921</td>
<td>Treasury stock</td>
<td>(0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowance for loan losses</td>
<td>(65)</td>
<td>Total shareholders’ equity</td>
<td>178,412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Valuation difference on</td>
<td>343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>available-for-sale securities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Foreign currency translation</td>
<td>5,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>adjustment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Remeasurements of defined</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>benefit plans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total accumulated other</td>
<td>5,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>comprehensive income</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Subscription rights to shares</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-controlling interests</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total net assets</td>
<td>184,794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>915,385</td>
<td><strong>Total liabilities and net</strong></td>
<td>915,385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>assets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Consolidated Statement of Income
for the 15th Term (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)
(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary income</strong></td>
<td>119,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income</td>
<td>2,274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on loans receivable</td>
<td>2,078</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest and dividends on securities</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on call loans</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on deposits with banks</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and commissions income</td>
<td>117,265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Remittance-related fee income</td>
<td>2,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- ATM-related fee income</td>
<td>111,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other fees and commissions income</td>
<td>3,606</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ordinary income</td>
<td>193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other income</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary expenses</strong></td>
<td>82,772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest expenses</td>
<td>1,253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on deposits with banks</td>
<td>565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on negotiable certificates of deposits</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on call money</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on borrowings and discounts</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Interest on bonds</td>
<td>553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and commissions expenses</td>
<td>21,661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Remittance-related fee expense</td>
<td>1,164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- ATM placement fees</td>
<td>17,858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- ATM-related fee expenses</td>
<td>1,448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other fees and commissions expenses</td>
<td>1,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General and administrative expenses</td>
<td>59,757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ordinary expenses</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provision of allowance for loan losses</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other ordinary expenses</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ordinary profit</strong></td>
<td>37,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extraordinary losses</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Losses on disposal of noncurrent assets</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Income before income taxes</strong></td>
<td>36,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes - current</td>
<td>12,666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes - deferred</td>
<td>(413)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total income taxes</strong></td>
<td>12,252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income</strong></td>
<td>24,703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss attributable to non-controlling shareholders</td>
<td>(13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit attributable to owners of parent</td>
<td>24,716</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

for the 15th Term (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)

(Unit: million yen)

### Shareholders' equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Capital stock</th>
<th>Capital surplus</th>
<th>Retained earnings</th>
<th>Treasury stock</th>
<th>Total shareholders' equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of April 1, 2015</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>30,514</td>
<td>102,511</td>
<td>(0)</td>
<td>163,539</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change in items during the period

<p>| | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from surplus</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(9,825)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(9,825)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit attributable to owners of parent</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,716</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in capital surplus arising from change in interest of consolidated subsidiaries</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in items other than shareholders' equity</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total change in items during the period

<p>| | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- (17)</td>
<td>14,891</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14,873</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Balance as of March 31, 2016

|                      | 30,514        | 30,496          | 117,402           | (0)            | 178,412                   |

### Accumulated other comprehensive income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities</th>
<th>Foreign currency translation adjustment</th>
<th>Remeasurements of defined benefit plans</th>
<th>Total accumulated other comprehensive income</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Non-controlling interests</th>
<th>Total net assets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of April 1, 2015</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>5,874</td>
<td>449</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change in items during the period

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities</th>
<th>Foreign currency translation adjustment</th>
<th>Remeasurements of defined benefit plans</th>
<th>Total accumulated other comprehensive income</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Non-controlling interests</th>
<th>Total net assets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from surplus</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(9,825)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit attributable to owners of parent</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in capital surplus arising from change in interest of consolidated subsidiaries</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in items other than shareholders' equity</td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>(37)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>(61)</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total change in items during the period

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities</th>
<th>Foreign currency translation adjustment</th>
<th>Remeasurements of defined benefit plans</th>
<th>Total accumulated other comprehensive income</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Non-controlling interests</th>
<th>Total net assets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>(37)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>(61)</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>14,904</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Balance as of March 31, 2016

|                      | 343                                                    | 5,462                                  | 6                                      | 5,812                                        | 545                           | 24                     | 184,794          |

45
Explanatory Notes (Consolidated)

Amounts of less than one million yen have been discarded.

Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements

The definition of "subsidiary firms," "subsidiary corporations" and "affiliates and others" is as set forth in Article 2, Paragraph 8 of the Banking Law and Article 4-2 of the Order for Enforcement of the Banking Law.

1. Scope of consolidation
   (1) Number of consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations: 4
       Name of the subsidiary firm (corporation): FCTI, Inc., FCTI Canada, Inc., PT. ABADI TAMBAH MULIA INTERNASIONAL and Bank Business Factory Co., Ltd.
       FCTI Canada, Inc., has been consolidated due to its incorporation, effective from the consolidated fiscal year under review.
   (2) Unconsolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations:
       Not applicable

2. Application of the equity method
   Not applicable

3. Business years, etc., of the consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations
   (1) Closing date for the settlement of accounts of the consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations is as follows:
       December 31: 3 companies
       March 31: 1 company
   (2) In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements as of their respective balance sheet dates are used with regard to the consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations. The financial statements of said companies are provided with necessary adjustments for consolidation purposes with regard to material transactions between the closing date (December 31) above and the consolidated closing date (March 31).

4. Amortization of goodwill
   Goodwill is equally amortized using the straight-line method over a period of 10 years. However, if the amount is insignificant, the corresponding goodwill is recorded as an expense at the time of occurrence.

5. Accounting policies
   (1) Basis and methodology for the valuation of securities
       As for valuation of securities, available-for-sale securities are stated, in principle, at their market values at the consolidated balance sheet date (realized gains or losses on sales of such securities are computed using primarily the moving-average method). Provided, however, that available-for-sale securities whose fair market value is deemed to be extremely difficult to identify are stated at cost using the moving-average method.
       Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities are reported as a separate component of net assets.
   (2) Method for calculating depreciation of fixed assets
       1) Tangible fixed assets
           Depreciation of tangible fixed assets of the Company is calculated by the straight-line method.
           Estimated useful lives of major items are as follows:
           Buildings: 6–18 years
           ATMs: 5 years
           Others: 2–20 years
           Depreciation of the tangible fixed assets of the consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.
       2) Intangible fixed assets
           Intangible fixed assets are amortized using the straight-line method. Software utilized by the Company and its consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations is amortized over the period in which it is expected to be utilized (mainly five years).
(3) Provisioning standards

1) Allowance for loan losses

An allowance for loan losses is provided as detailed below in accordance with the Company’s internal standards for write-offs and provisions.

For credits to obligors classified as normal obligors or watch obligors, on the basis of expected loss ratios and other factors, and defined according to fixed categories, the allowance for loan losses is provided based on the Company’s estimated rate of credit losses in accordance with the “Administrative guidelines concerning the self-assessment of assets, bad debt amortization and bad debt reserves for banks and other financial institutions” (Bank Audit Special Committee Report No. 4 issued on July 4, 2012, by The Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA)). For credits to obligors classified as bankruptcy risk obligors, the allowance for loan losses is provided for estimated unrecoverable amounts determined after excluding the portion that is estimated to be recoverable due to available security interests and guarantees. For credits to obligors classified as substantially bankrupt obligors or bankrupt obligors, the allowance for loan losses is provided in the full amounts of such credits, excluding the portion that is estimated to be recoverable due to available security interests and guarantees.

The Company’s Risk Management Division, which is independent from the Company’s other divisions, evaluates all credits in accordance with its internal rules for self-assessment of assets, and its evaluations are audited by the Internal Audit Division, which is independent from the Company’s other divisions and the Risk Management Division. The allowance is provided based on the results of these assessments.

2) Provision for bonuses

The reserve for bonuses is provided for employees in the amount of estimated bonuses attributed to the relevant consolidated fiscal year.

(4) Accounting procedure regarding employees’ retirement benefits

In calculating the retirement benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate the projected retirement benefits to the years of service up to the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review. Net actuarial difference is amortized as follows:

Net actuarial difference: Amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years within the employees’ average remaining service period at the time of occurrence commencing from the next consolidated fiscal year of occurrence.

(5) Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

The Company’s assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen mainly at the exchange rate prevailing at the consolidated balance sheet date.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations are translated into Japanese yen mainly at the exchange rate prevailing at their respective balance sheet dates.

(6) Important method of accounting for hedge transactions

Interest rate risk hedges

For some liabilities we have employed a special accounting treatment for interest rate swaps. For hedges designed to reduce the impact of volatility in the market for variable interest rates, we have individually identified the hedge target and designated interest rate swap trades as hedge transactions.

(7) Consumption taxes

At the Company, as well as at the domestic consolidated subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations, national and local consumption taxes are accounted for using the tax-excluded method.
Change in accounting policy
(Application of the "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations," etc.)

The "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations" (ASBJ Statement No. 21 issued on September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Business Combinations"), the "Revised Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (ASBJ Statement No. 22 issued on September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements"), and the "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures" (ASBJ Statement No. 7 issued on September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures") have been applied effective from the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. Consequently, in case of continuing control by the Company, the accounting method has been changed to that by which the differences arising from the changes in the Company's ownership interest in subsidiary firms and subsidiary corporations are posted under capital surplus and acquisition-related costs are treated as expenses for the consolidated fiscal year during which such costs are accrued. Meanwhile, with regard to business combinations that will be made on and after the beginning of the consolidated fiscal year under review, the accounting method has been revised to that where the distributed amounts of acquisition costs reviewed by determining the provisional accounting treatment are reflected on the consolidated financial statements for the consolidated fiscal year to which the date of said business combination belongs. In addition, the presentation of net income, etc., has been changed and "minority interests" has been changed to "non-controlling interests."

As for the application of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations, etc., provisional accounting treatment, which is respectively set forth in Article 58, Paragraph 2, Item 4 of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations, Article 44, Paragraph 5, Item 4 of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations and Article 57, Paragraph 4, Item 4 of the Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures, has come to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year under review, prospectively.

The impact of the application of the above accounting standard, etc., is an increase of 17 million yen each in income before income taxes and ordinary profit for the consolidated fiscal year under review and a decrease of 17 million yen in capital surplus at the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review.

The year-end balance of capital surplus in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the fiscal year under review therefore decreased by 17 million yen.

Unapplied accounting standards, etc.

Revised Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets (ASBJ Implementation Guidance No. 26 issued on March 28, 2016)

(1) Summary
The ASBJ Implementation Guidance basically succeeds and has partially reviewed the content regarding the guidance for the recoverability of deferred tax assets, which is specified in the "Auditing Treatment Regarding Judgment on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets," in the Audit Committee Report No. 66 issued by the JICPA.

(2) Planned date of application
The Company plans to apply the aforementioned Revised Guidance from the beginning of the consolidated fiscal year commencing on April 1, 2016.

(3) Impact of the application of the above accounting standard, etc.
The impact of the application of the Implementation Guidance, etc., is currently under review.

Important notes
(Consolidated balance sheet)

1. Among the loans receivable, credits to bankrupt obligors were 2 million yen, and loans in arrears were 39 million yen.
   "Credits to bankrupt obligors" refers to loans receivable for which accrued interest was not declared on the grounds that there are no prospects for the collection or repayment of the principal or interest because the payment of the principal or interest has been continually in arrears for a considerable period of time or for other such reasons (excluding the written-off portion; hereinafter referred to as "loans with undeclared accrued interest") that correspond to any of the situations referred to in (a) through (e) of Article 96 Paragraph 1, Item 3 of the Order for Enforcement of the Corporation Tax Act (Cabinet Order No. 97, 1965) or the situation referred to in Paragraph 1, Item 4 of the said Article.
“Loans in arrears” refers to loans with undeclared accrued interest other than credits to bankrupt obligors and loans for which an interest payment grace period has been granted for the purpose of reestablishing or assisting the business of the obligor.

2. Loans receivable do not include loans in arrears for three months or more.

“Loans in arrears for three months or more” refers to loans for which the payment of the principal or interest has been in arrears for three months or more counting from the day after the due date agreed upon, excluding credits to bankrupt obligors and loans in arrears.

3. Loans receivable do not include restructured loans.

“Restructured loans” refers to loans for which reduction of interest, interest payment grace period, principal repayment grace period, debt forgiveness or other such arrangements that are advantageous to the obligor have been made for the purpose of reestablishing or assisting the business of the obligor, excluding credits to bankrupt obligors, loans in arrears and loans in arrears for three months or more.

4. Total amount of credits to bankrupt obligors, loans in arrears, loans in arrears for three months or more and restructured loans is 41 million yen. The amounts of credits stated in Nos. 1 to 4 above are amounts prior to the deduction of the allowance for loan losses.

5. For the purposes of settlement and Bank of Japan current overdraft transactions, securities of 61,776 million yen in available-for-sale securities have been provided. Also, 896 million yen in guarantees are included in Other Assets.

6. An overdraft agreement is an agreement to lend funds up to a certain limit if a financing request is received from a customer, unless there is any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement. The unused balance of funds under such agreements is 6,455 million yen. This includes the unused balance of funds in the amount of 6,455 million yen under agreements in which the original term is one year or less.

7. Accumulated depreciation for tangible fixed assets 40,247 million yen

(Consolidated statement of changes in net assets)

1. The types and number of shares issued and of treasury stock are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shares issued</th>
<th>Number of shares at the beginning of this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Increase during this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Decrease during this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Number of shares at the end of this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>1,191,001</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,191,001</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,191,001</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,191,001</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Treasury stock</th>
<th>Number of shares at the beginning of this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Increase during this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Decrease during this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Number of shares at the end of this consolidated fiscal year</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. Subscription rights to shares and treasury subscription rights to shares

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Details of subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Type of shares acquired upon exercise of subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Number of shares acquired upon exercise of subscription rights to shares (thousand shares)</th>
<th>Balance at the end of this consolidated fiscal year (million yen)</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subscription rights to shares as stock options</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>545</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>545</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: There are no treasury subscription rights to shares.

3. The Company’s dividend is as stated below:

(1) Dividends paid during this consolidated fiscal year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Type of shares</th>
<th>Total amount of dividends</th>
<th>Dividend per share</th>
<th>Record date</th>
<th>Effective date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At the Board of Directors’ meeting held on May 22, 2015</td>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>5,061 million yen</td>
<td>4.25 yen</td>
<td>March 31, 2015</td>
<td>June 1, 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At the Board of Directors’ meeting held on November 6, 2015</td>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>4,764 million yen</td>
<td>4.00 yen</td>
<td>September 30, 2015</td>
<td>December 1, 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Dividends with record dates within this consolidated fiscal year, and effective dates after March 31, 2016, are listed as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Type of shares</th>
<th>Total amount of dividends</th>
<th>Fiscal resource</th>
<th>Dividend per share</th>
<th>Record date</th>
<th>Effective date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At the Board of Directors’ meeting held on May 25, 2016</td>
<td>Common stock</td>
<td>5,359 million yen</td>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>4.50 yen</td>
<td>March 31, 2016</td>
<td>June 1, 2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(Financial instruments)

1. Matters concerning status of financial instruments
   (1) Policy regarding the approach to financial instruments

   The Company’s basic policy is to ensure security and minimize risks in both raising and investing funds, and the Company does not pursue profit-making by aggressive risk-taking.

   Funds raised by the Company can be broadly divided into working capital such as cash to be placed in ATMs and funds for capital investment such as ATM/system-related investment. In consideration of interest rate trends and other such factors, the Company secures the source funds by such means as deposits, long-term borrowings and bond issuance, and raises funds from the call market to cover daily fluctuations in the amount of funds that need to be raised.

   On the other hand, the Company’s funds are invested mainly in the form of funds and securities operations as a limited end user, although it does operate a small loan business, etc. targeted at individuals. Investment targets are limited to Japanese government bonds and other securities with high creditworthiness and liquidity, as well as deposits at financial institutions with high creditworthiness, call loans, etc. The Company does not invest in risky financial derivatives, etc.

   (2) Description and risk of financial instruments

   The financial assets held by the Company are largely comprised of cash, primarily for facilitating its ATM business. Surplus funds are released in the form of call loans, which are exposed to the credit risk of the borrowers. Securities mainly consist of bonds and stocks with high creditworthiness and liquidity, and are held for “other purposes.” These are exposed to the credit risks of each borrower or issuer, interest rate fluctuation risks and foreign exchange fluctuation risks. Loans receivable are in the form of loan services targeted at individuals (revolving card loans) and are exposed to credit risks arising from the nonperformance of contract by customers; however, the risks are limited, as the receivables are secured in full.

   The Company also operates a banking business. Deposits and negotiable certificates of deposits, which account for the majority of its financial liabilities, are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risks. The Company raises short-term funds by using call money as necessary; it is exposed to liquidity risks in that it might not be able to raise the necessary funds. Borrowings and bonds are exposed to liquidity risks in that the payment might not be executable on the due date such as in cases where the Company cannot use the market under certain situations. The Company also borrows funds at variable interest rates, which are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risks. Such risks are averted by executing interest rate swaps.

   (3) Risk management framework for financial instruments

   1) Credit risk management

   The Company observes its basic policy for credit risks established in the Basic Policy on Risk Control, as well as the rules established thereunder called Credit Risk Rules. Credit risks are currently limited to the ATM settlement business, interbank deposits placed with top-rated partner financial institutions, etc., subject to asset-liability management (ALM), release of funds and temporary ATM payment amounts due, thereby curbing credit risks in operations. In addition, the Company performs self-assessment and establishes an allowance for write-offs in an appropriate manner, in accordance with its self-assessment standards, write-off allowance standards and self-assessment/write-off allowance rules.

   Credit risks of issuers of securities and counterparty risks in derivative transactions are managed by the Risk Management Division by means of periodically identifying credit information and market value.

   2) Market risk management

   The Company observes its basic policy for market risks established in the Basic Policy on Risk Control, as well as the rules established thereunder called Market Risk Rules. The Market Risk Rules establish limits on the amount of funds at risk, market position limits and loss allowance limits. The Officer in Charge of Risk Management at the Risk Management Division measures and monitors market risks on a daily basis in light of these limits and reports the results to the management including the Executive Committee. At the ALM Committee convened once a month, the Company’s market risk position, expected trends in interest rates and other matters are reported and operation policies are determined.

   Quantitative information concerning market risks

   Because interest rate risks are key market risks to the Company, the Company measures the Value at Risk (VaR) of entire assets and liabilities of the Company. In measuring the VaR, the Company uses the Variance-Covariance Method (holding period: 125 days, confidence interval: 99.9%, data observation period: 1 year), and the Company’s VaR (estimated loss amount) as of March 31, 2016, was a total of 4,802 million yen. Additionally, in light of our business attributes, an interest period has been recognized in terms of cash recorded under assets, which has been calculated as a 5-year zero coupon (average maturity: 2.5 years). In order to verify the validity of the model, the Company regularly performs back-testing by comparing the VaR calculated by the model and the actual gains (losses). However, since VaR calculates market risk at a certain probability that has been statistically calculated on the basis of past market fluctuations, it may not be able to capture risks that occur under market environments changing beyond our normal expectations.
3) Liquidity risk management

The Company observes its basic policy for liquidity risks established in the Basic Policy on Risk Control, as well as the rules established thereunder called Liquidity Risk Rules. The Liquidity Risk Rules establish limits regarding the cash gaps arising from differences between the duration of invested funds and those available to meet current cash needs. The Officer in Charge of Risk Management at the Risk Management Division measures and monitors liquidity risk on a daily basis in light of these limits and reports the results to the management including the Executive Committee. The Company is well prepared in that it has formulated measures in advance on a scenario-by-scenario basis so that it can take company-wide action in a speedy and flexible manner when the cash flow situation becomes tight; therefore, concerns over ensuring liquidity of funds are deemed nonexistent.

4) Supplementary explanation of matters concerning market value, etc., of financial instruments

The market value of financial instruments includes the value based on market price, in addition to reasonably calculated value in cases where the financial instrument has no market price. As certain assumptions, etc., are adopted when calculating the value of such financial instruments, the value may vary if different assumptions, etc., are adopted.

2. Matters concerning market value, etc., of financial instruments

The amount declared on the consolidated balance sheet, the market value and the difference between the two as at March 31, 2016, are as follows. In cases where it is deemed extremely difficult to identify the market value of unlisted stocks and other such financial instruments, the value is not included in the table below (refer to Note 2).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Unit: million yen)</th>
<th>Consolidated balance sheet amount</th>
<th>Market value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Cash and due from banks*</td>
<td>645,835</td>
<td>645,835</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Call loans*</td>
<td>24,949</td>
<td>24,949</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Securities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other securities</td>
<td>65,140</td>
<td>65,140</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Loans receivable</td>
<td>16,208</td>
<td>16,208</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowance for loan losses*</td>
<td>(0)</td>
<td>16,207</td>
<td>16,207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) ATM-related temporary payments*</td>
<td>83,406</td>
<td>83,406</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>835,539</td>
<td>835,539</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Deposits</td>
<td>546,981</td>
<td>547,673</td>
<td>692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Negotiable certificates of deposits</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Borrowed money</td>
<td>15,022</td>
<td>15,234</td>
<td>211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Bonds</td>
<td>110,000</td>
<td>111,837</td>
<td>1,837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) ATM-related temporary advances</td>
<td>37,830</td>
<td>37,830</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>710,634</td>
<td>713,375</td>
<td>2,741</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Allowance for loan losses for general accounts and allowance for loan losses for individual accounts corresponding to loans receivable have been deducted. Allowance for loan losses with respect to cash and due from banks, call loans and ATM temporary payments was insignificant and therefore directly deducted from the amount on the consolidated balance sheet.

Note 1: Calculation method of market value of financial instruments

Assets

(1) Cash and due from banks
The market value of due from banks with no maturity is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value. The deposit term of due from banks with maturity is short (no more than one year) and the market value is approximately the same as the book value; therefore the book value is stated as market value.

(2) Call loans
The contract period is short (no more than one year) and the market value is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value.

(3) Securities
Bonds are stated at the price quoted on the exchange or the price presented by the corresponding financial institution.

Notes on the securities by holding purpose are stated in the "(Securities)" section below.

(4) Loans receivable
The market value of variable interest-rate loans receivable is approximately the same as the book value, since they are short-term and reflect the market interest rate, unless the credit status of the borrower is substantially different after the execution of the loans; therefore, the book value is stated as market value. Fixed interest-rate loans receivable amounted to zero.

With respect to credits, etc., to bankrupt obligors, substantially bankrupt obligors and bankruptcy risk obligors, the market value is approximately the same as the amount on the consolidated balance sheet as at the consolidated fiscal year-end minus the current estimated amount of credit losses, since the estimated amount of credit losses is calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash flow or the expected collectable amount with the collateral and
guarantee, etc.; therefore, the book value is stated as market value.

(5) ATM-related temporary payments
The pre-settlement period is short (no more than one year) and the market value is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value.

Liabilities
(1) Deposits and (2) Negotiable certificates of deposits
The market value of demand deposits is deemed as the amount payable presuming that the demand is made at the end of consolidated fiscal year (book value). The market value of time deposits is calculated by discounting the present value by future cash flow divided into categories of set periods. The discount rate applied is the rate used when accepting new deposits. The market value of deposits with a short residual period (no more than one year) is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value.

(3) Borrowed money
As for borrowed money based on a fixed interest rate, the present value is calculated by discounting the sum of the principal and interest of such borrowed money (in the case of borrowed money subject to special accounting treatment for interest rate swaps, the sum of the principal and interest based on the rate of such interest rate swaps) divided into categories of set periods at the expected rate for similar borrowings. The market value of borrowed money with a short residual period (no more than one year) is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value. Borrowed money based on variable interest rates amounted to zero.

(4) Bonds
The market value of bonds issued by the Company is stated at market price.

(5) ATM-related temporary advances
As the pre-settlement period is short (no more than one year), the market value is approximately the same as the book value; therefore, the book value is stated as market value.

Note 2: The following are financial instruments whose market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify, and are not included in “Assets (3) Other securities” of “2. Matters concerning market value, etc., of financial instruments.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Amount on consolidated balance sheet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unlisted stocks*1</td>
<td>144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment in capital of partnership*2</td>
<td>1,513</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,657</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
*1 Unlisted stocks do not have any market price, and their market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify; therefore such unlisted stocks are excluded from the scope of disclosure.
*2 Investment in capital of partnership, of which the partnership’s assets consist of elements such as unlisted stocks whose market value is deemed extremely difficult to identify, are excluded from the scope of disclosure.
Note 3: Amount of redemption scheduled for monetary claims and securities with maturity after end of consolidated fiscal year

(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Within 1 year</th>
<th>Over 1 year but within 3 years</th>
<th>Over 3 years but within 5 years</th>
<th>Over 5 years but within 7 years</th>
<th>Over 7 years but within 10 years</th>
<th>Over 10 years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Due from banks*1</td>
<td>85,925</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call loans</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other securities with maturity</td>
<td>21,000</td>
<td>38,800</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal bonds</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>21,000</td>
<td>29,800</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans receivable*2</td>
<td>16,166</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATM-related temporary payments</td>
<td>83,407</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>231,500</strong></td>
<td><strong>38,800</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,200</strong></td>
<td><strong>—</strong></td>
<td><strong>—</strong></td>
<td><strong>—</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
*1 Due from banks: Due from banks with no maturity is included and disclosed in “Within 1 year.”
*2 Loans receivable: The amount (41 million yen) of credits, etc., to bankrupt obligors, substantially bankrupt obligors or bankrupt risk obligors, for which redemption cannot be expected, is not included in loans receivable.

Loans receivable are disclosed as “Within 1 year.”

Note 4: Amount of repayment scheduled for bonds payable, borrowed money and other interest-bearing liabilities after the consolidated balance sheet date

(Unit: million yen)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Within 1 year</th>
<th>Over 1 year but within 3 years</th>
<th>Over 3 years but within 5 years</th>
<th>Over 5 years but within 7 years</th>
<th>Over 7 years but within 10 years</th>
<th>Over 10 years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deposits*</td>
<td>440,524</td>
<td>60,409</td>
<td>46,047</td>
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<tr>
<td>Negotiable certificates of deposit</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>—</td>
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<tr>
<td>Borrowed money</td>
<td>5,022</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>10,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>ATM-related temporary advances</td>
<td>37,830</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>484,178</strong></td>
<td><strong>105,409</strong></td>
<td><strong>86,047</strong></td>
<td><strong>20,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>15,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>—</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Deposits: Demand deposits are included and disclosed in “Within 1 year.”
1. Securities held for trading purposes (as of March 31, 2016)  
   Not applicable

2. Bonds held to maturity (as of March 31, 2016)  
   Not applicable

3. Other securities (as of March 31, 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Consolidated balance sheet amount (million yen)</th>
<th>Acquisition cost (million yen)</th>
<th>Gains/losses (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stocks</td>
<td>793</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>641</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>36,918</td>
<td>36,900</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporate bonds</td>
<td>36,918</td>
<td>36,900</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
<td>37,711</td>
<td>37,051</td>
<td>659</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>27,428</td>
<td>27,443</td>
<td>(14)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Municipal bonds</td>
<td>13,446</td>
<td>13,457</td>
<td>(10)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporate bonds</td>
<td>13,981</td>
<td>13,986</td>
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<td>Subtotal</td>
<td>27,428</td>
<td>27,443</td>
<td>(14)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>65,140</td>
<td>64,495</td>
<td>645</td>
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</table>

4. Bonds held to maturity sold during the consolidated fiscal year (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)  
   Not applicable
5. Other securities sold during the consolidated fiscal year (from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Sales amount (million yen)</th>
<th>Total gain on sales (million yen)</th>
<th>Total loss on sales (million yen)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stocks</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
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</table>

6. Changes in purpose of holding securities
Not applicable

7. Securities to which impairment is applied
Not applicable

(Money held in trust)
Not applicable

(Stock options, etc.)

1. Account title and amount of expenses related to stock options
Operating expenses 95 million yen

2. Detail and scale of and changes in stock options and subsequent adjustments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1) Detail of stock options</th>
<th>First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>First Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>Second Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>Second Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title and number of grantees</td>
<td>5 Directors of the Company</td>
<td>3 Executive Officers of the Company</td>
<td>4 Directors of the Company</td>
<td>5 Executive Officers of the Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of stock options by type of stock (Note 1)</td>
<td>Common stock: 184,000 shares</td>
<td>Common stock: 21,000 shares</td>
<td>Common stock: 171,000 shares</td>
<td>Common stock: 38,000 shares</td>
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<td>(Note 2)</td>
<td>(Note 3)</td>
<td>(Note 2)</td>
<td>(Note 3)</td>
</tr>
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<td>August 4, 2009–August 3, 2039</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Subscription</td>
<td>Subscription</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>rights to</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Title and</td>
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<td>4 Executive</td>
<td>5 Directors</td>
<td>8 Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>number of</td>
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<td>of the</td>
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<tr>
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<td>August 8, 2011</td>
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<td>(Note 3)</td>
<td>(Note 2)</td>
<td>(Note 3)</td>
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<td>August 9, 2011– August 8, 2041</td>
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<table>
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<td>rights to</td>
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<td>Title and</td>
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<td>7 Executive</td>
<td>6 Directors</td>
<td>7 Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>number of</td>
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<td>Officers of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>grantees</td>
<td>Company</td>
<td>the Company</td>
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<td>the Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of</td>
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<td>Common stock:</td>
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<td>stock (Note 1)</td>
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<td>(Note 3)</td>
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<td>August 6, 2013– August 5, 2043</td>
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<table>
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<th>Seventh Round</th>
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<td>– (2)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Subscription</td>
<td>Subscription</td>
<td>Subscription</td>
<td>Subscription</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>rights to</td>
<td>rights to</td>
<td>rights to</td>
<td>rights to</td>
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<tr>
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<td>shares</td>
<td>shares</td>
<td>shares</td>
<td>shares</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Stock</td>
<td>(Stock</td>
<td>(Stock</td>
<td>(Stock</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>compensation</td>
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<td>compensation</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>options)</td>
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<td>options)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title and</td>
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<td>8 Executive</td>
<td>6 Directors</td>
<td>8 Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>number of</td>
<td>of the</td>
<td>Officers of</td>
<td>of the</td>
<td>Officers of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>grantees</td>
<td>Company</td>
<td>the Company</td>
<td>Company</td>
<td>the Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of</td>
<td>Common stock:</td>
<td>Common stock:</td>
<td>Common stock:</td>
<td>Common stock:</td>
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<tr>
<td>stock options</td>
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<td>44,000</td>
<td>138,000</td>
<td>39,000</td>
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<td>by type of</td>
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<td>shares</td>
<td>shares</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stock (Note 1)</td>
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<td>(Note 3)</td>
<td>(Note 2)</td>
<td>(Note 3)</td>
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<td>Same as at left.</td>
<td>August 11, 2015– August 10, 2045</td>
<td>Same as at left.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. The number of stock options is stated as converted into number of shares. As of December 1, 2011, the Company conducted a 1,000-for-one stock split for its common stock; therefore, the number of converted shares was adjusted for the “Number of shares acquired upon exercise of subscription rights to shares” with regard to the above First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares through the Fourth Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares to reflect the stock split.
2. Holders of subscription rights to shares may only exercise their subscription rights to shares within 10 days of the date following the day on which the holder’s position as Director is forfeited.
3. Holders of subscription rights to shares may only exercise their subscription rights to shares within 10 days of the date following the day on which the holder’s position as Executive Officer is forfeited (in cases where the holder has taken the position of Director, then the date on which the position of Director is forfeited).
(2) Scale of and changes in stock options and subsequent adjustments

The following includes stock options existing during the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 (fiscal year 2015), and the number of stock options is stated as converted into number of shares.

(Number of stock options)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prior to vesting (shares)</th>
<th>First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>First Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>Second Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>Second Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At end of previous consolidated fiscal year</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Granted</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeited</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vested</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Post vesting (shares)</td>
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<tr>
<td>At end of previous consolidated fiscal year</td>
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<td>7,000</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercised</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeited</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding</td>
<td>157,000</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>171,000</td>
<td>16,000</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Third Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
<th>Fourth Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares (Stock compensation-type stock options)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At end of previous consolidated fiscal year</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Granted</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeited</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vested</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Outstanding</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post vesting (shares)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>At end of previous consolidated fiscal year</td>
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<td>440,000</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Outstanding</td>
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<td>Post vesting (shares)</td>
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<td>Outstanding</td>
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| Prior to vesting (shares)            | Seventh Round | Seventh Round | Eighth Round | Eighth Round |
|                                      | – (1)         | – (2)         | – (1)        | – (2)        |
|                                      | Subscription  | Subscription  | Subscription | Subscription |
|                                      | to shares     | to shares     | to shares    | to shares    |
|                                      | (Stock        | (Stock        | (Stock       | (Stock       |
|                                      | compensation-| compensation-| compensation-| compensation-|
|                                      | type stock    | type stock    | type stock   | type stock   |
|                                      | options)      | options)      | options)     | options)     |
| Post vesting (shares)                |             |             |             |             |
| At end of previous consolidated     |             |             |             |             |
| fiscal year                          |             |             |             |             |
| Granted                              |             |             |             |             |
| Exercised                            |             |             |             |             |
| Forfeited                            |             |             |             |             |
| Outstanding                          |             |             |             |             |
### (Unit price information)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Round</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
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<td>(Stock compensation-type stock options)</td>
<td>(Stock compensation-type stock options)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exercise price</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average price when exercised</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fair value valuation price when granted</td>
<td>236,480 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>236,480 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>221,862 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>221,862 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
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<tr>
<th>Round</th>
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<tr>
<td>Exercise price</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average price when exercised</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fair value valuation price when granted</td>
<td>139,824 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>139,824 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>127,950 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>127,950 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
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<tr>
<th>Round</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
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<tr>
<td>Exercise price</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average price when exercised</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value valuation price when granted</td>
<td>175,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>175,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>312,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>312,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
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<tr>
<th>Round</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Subscription rights to shares</th>
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<tr>
<td>Exercise price</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
<td>One yen per share</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average price when exercised</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fair value valuation price when granted</td>
<td>370,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>370,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>537,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
<td>537,000 yen per subscription rights to share</td>
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</table>

**Note:** The number of shares to be acquired upon exercise of one (1) subscription rights to shares shall be one thousand (1,000) shares of common stock of the Company. As of December 1, 2011, the Company conducted a 1,000-for-one stock split for its common stock; therefore, exercise prices were adjusted for the “Number of shares acquired upon exercise of subscription rights to shares” with regard to the above First Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares through the Fourth Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares to reflect the stock split. In addition, average stock price at exercise represents the average price of the Company’s stocks at the time when stock options were exercised.
3. Calculation method employed to establish the fair value valuation price for stock options granted during the term

The method employed for calculating the fair value of stock options is as follows:

(1) Valuation method employed: Black-Scholes model

(2) Key parameters used in the option-pricing model

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Eighth Round – (1) Subscription rights to shares</th>
<th>Eighth Round – (2) Subscription rights to shares</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Stock compensation-type stock options)</td>
<td>(Stock compensation-type stock options)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expected volatility</td>
<td>28.903%</td>
<td>28.903%</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Note 1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Average expected life</td>
<td>6.76 years</td>
<td>6.76 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Note 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expected dividends</td>
<td>8.0 yen per share</td>
<td>8.0 yen per share</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Note 3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Risk-free interest rate</td>
<td>0.174%</td>
<td>0.174%</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Note 4)</td>
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Notes:
1. Calculated on the basis of actual share prices of the Company’s stock for the six-year and nine-month period from November 6, 2008, to August 10, 2015.
2. For Directors and staff currently employed by the Company, the assumption is made that the stock options will be exercised on a future date calculated by adding a 10-day period, in which the rights may be exercised, to the average period in days from June 2015 until the retirement dates of all such Directors and staff.
3. Expected dividends are based on actual dividend amounts as of the date of grant.
4. The risk-free rate employed is the yield of the Japan Government Bond with a period to maturity currently corresponding to the forecast period used in the calculation.

4. Method for calculating the number of stock options vested

Only the actual number of forfeited stock options is reflected because of the difficulty of accurately estimating the actual number of stock options that will be forfeited in the future.

(Tax-effect accounting)

Following the enactment by the Diet on March 29, 2016, of the “Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc.” (Act No. 15, 2016), and the “Act to Amend the Local Taxation Act, etc.” (Act No. 13, 2016), the corporate income tax has been reduced effective from the consolidated fiscal year that begins on or after April 1, 2016. In accordance with this measure, the effective statutory tax rate, which is used to measure deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, will be reduced to 30.86% from the previous 32.26% for temporary differences, etc. that are expected to be eliminated during the consolidated fiscal years commencing on April 1, 2016 and 2017, and to 30.62% for temporary differences, etc. that are expected to be eliminated during the consolidated fiscal year commencing on April 1, 2018, and subsequent fiscal years. The impact of this change in the effective statutory tax rate was a decrease of 42 million yen in deferred tax assets, an increase of 8 million yen in valuation difference on available-for-sale securities, an increase of 0 million yen in remeasurements of defined benefit plans and an increase of 50 million yen in income taxes-deferred.

(Per share information)

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net assets per share</td>
<td>154.68 yen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit attributable to owners of parent per share</td>
<td>20.75 yen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted profit attributable to owners of parent per share</td>
<td>20.71 yen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Significant subsequent events)

None
We have audited the financial statements, comprising the balance sheet, the statement of income, the statement of changes in net assets and the explanatory notes, and the supplementary schedules of Seven Bank, Ltd. as at March 31, 2016 and for the year from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 in accordance with Article 436-2-1 of the Companies Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements and Others
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements and the supplementary schedules that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements and the supplementary schedules based on our audit as independent auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and the supplementary schedules are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and the supplementary schedules. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and the supplementary schedules.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statements and the supplementary schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of Seven Bank, Ltd. for the period, for which the financial statements and the supplementary schedules were prepared, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Other Matter
Our firm and engagement partners have no interest in the Company which should be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Law of Japan.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor’s Report:
The Independent Auditor’s Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor’s Report as required by the Companies Act.
We have audited the consolidated financial statements, comprising the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statement of changes in net assets and the explanatory notes (consolidated) of Seven Bank, Ltd. as at March 31, 2016 and for the year from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 in accordance with Article 444-4 of the Companies Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit as independent auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriate presentation of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of Seven Bank, Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries for the period, for which the consolidated financial statements were prepared, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.
Other Matter
Our firm and engagement partners have no interest in the Company which should be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Law of Japan.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor’s Report:
The Independent Auditor’s Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor’s Report as required by the Companies Act.
Audit Report
(English Translation)

Regarding the performance of duties by the Directors for the 15th fiscal year from April 1, 2015, to March 31, 2016, the Board of Statutory Auditors hereby submits its Audit Report, which has been prepared upon careful consideration based on the audit report prepared by each Statutory Auditor.

1. Summary of Auditing Methods by the Statutory Auditors and Board of Statutory Auditors

(1) The Board of Statutory Auditors established auditing policies, allocation of duties, and other relevant matters and received reports from each Statutory Auditor regarding his or her audits and results thereof, as well as received reports from the Directors, other relevant personnel and the Accounting Auditors regarding performance of their duties, and requested explanations, as necessary.

(2) Each Statutory Auditor complied with the auditing standards stipulated by the Board of Statutory Auditors, followed the auditing policies, allocation of duties and other relevant matters for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, communicated with Directors, the internal audit department, other employees and any other relevant personnel, made efforts to prepare the environment for information collection and audit, and conducted audits by the following methods.

1) Participated in meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, received reports from the Directors, employees and other relevant personnel regarding performance of their duties, requested explanations as necessary, examined important authorized documents and associated information, and studied the operations and financial positions at the head office and principal business offices. With respect to the subsidiaries, we communicated and exchanged information with Directors, Statutory Auditors and other relevant personnel of the subsidiaries and received the business reports therefrom as necessary.

2) With respect to the system for ensuring that the performance of duties by the Directors as stated in the Business Report conforms to the related laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and the system prepared based on the contents of the resolutions of the Board of Directors and such resolutions regarding preparation of the system stipulated in Article 100, Paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act (internal control system) as a necessary system for ensuring the appropriateness of business operation by a corporate group consisting of the stock company and its subsidiaries, we received regular reports from Directors, employees and other relevant personnel regarding the development and the operation of the system, requested explanations as necessary and expressed opinions.

With regard to the internal control over financial reporting based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, we received reports on the assessment and audit status of said internal control from the Directors and the Accounting Auditors (KPMG AZSA LLC), and requested explanations as necessary.

3) We monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditors maintained their independence and implemented appropriate audits, as well as received reports from the Accounting Auditors regarding the performance of their duties and requested explanations as necessary. In addition, we received notice from the Accounting Auditors that the “system for ensuring that duties are performed properly” (matters set forth in each item of Article 131 of the Ordinance for Corporate Accounting) had been prepared in accordance with the “Product Quality Management Standards Regarding Audits” (issued by the Business Accounting Council on October 28, 2005) and other relevant standards, and requested explanations as necessary.

Based on the above methods, we examined the business report and its accompanying supplementary schedules, financial statements (Balance Sheet, Statement of Income, Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Notes to Explanatory Notes) and the accompanying supplementary schedules, as well as the consolidated financial statements (Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Explanatory Notes (Consolidated)) pertaining to the relevant fiscal year.
2. Results of Audit

   (1) Results of Audit of Business Report and Other Relevant Documents

       1. In our opinion, the Business Report and the accompanying supplementary schedules are in accordance with the related laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and fairly present the Company's condition.

       2. We have found no evidence of wrongful action or material violation of related laws and regulations, nor of any violation with respect to the Articles of Incorporation, related to performance of duties by the Directors.

       3. In our opinion, the contents of the resolutions of the Board of Directors related to the internal control system are fair and reasonable. In addition, we have found no matters on which to remark regarding the description in the Business Report and the performance of duties by the Directors related to such internal control system, including the internal control over financial reporting.

   (2) Results of Audit of Financial Statements and the Accompanying Supplementary Schedules

       In our opinion, the methods and results employed and rendered by KPMG AZSA LLC are fair and reasonable.

   (3) Results of Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

       In our opinion, the methods and results employed and rendered by KPMG AZSA LLC are fair and reasonable.

May 25, 2016

Board of Statutory Auditors, Seven Bank, Ltd.

   Full-time Statutory Auditor                        Toshiaki Ikeda (seal)
   Full-time Statutory Auditor                        Isamu Hirai (seal)
   Outside Statutory Auditor                          Tetsuya Katada (seal)
   Outside Statutory Auditor                          Naomi Ushio (seal)
   Outside Statutory Auditor                          Kunihiro Matsuo (seal)