Financial Results for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2006 (Non-Consolidated Date)

May 8, 2006

Company Name; Seven Bank Ltd. (Previous Name: IY Bank Co., Ltd.)

(URL http://www.sevenbank.co.jp/)

Location of Head Office: Tokyo

For Inquiries Title: Director and General Manager of Planning Division Name: Isamu Hirai Phone: 03-3211-3041 Board of Directors Meeting for Financial Closing: May 8, 2006 Interim Dividend System: Yes Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders(scheduled): June 16, 2006 Odd Stock System: No

1. Financial Highlight for Fiscal 2005 (From April 1, 2005 to March 31,2006)

| (1) Operating Results | (Note) Amounts less than one million yen are rounded down. | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------|--------------|---------|--|
| | Ordinary Inco | me | Ordinary Pro | ofit | |
| | million Yen | % | million Yen | % | |
| FY 2005 | 64,612 (| 34.7) | 19,409 (| 92.6) | |
| FY 2004 | 47,967 (| 64.7) | 10,075 (| 231.9) | |

| | Net Income | Net Income per Share |
|---------|----------------|----------------------|
| | million Yen % | Yen |
| FY 2005 | 10,590(△2.3) | 8,680.89 |
| FY 2004 | 10,843(115.6) | 8,888.51 |

(Note) ①Average Outstanding Shares: Fiscal 2005; 1,220,000 shares, Fiscal 2004; 1,220,000 shares 2 Changes in Accounting Method: Yes

③ %: Changes from the corresponding period of the previous year

(2) Cash Dividends for Shareholders

| | Annual Cash Dividends per Share | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | yen | | | | |
| Fiscal 2005 | 0 00 | | | | |
| Fiscal 2004 | 0 00 | | | | |

(3) Financial Position

| | Total Assets | Net Assets | Capital Ratio | Net Assets per | Unconsolidated Capital |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Share | Adequacy Ratio |
| | | | | | (Domestic Standard) |
| | million yen | million yen | % | yen | % |
| Fiscal 2005 | 361,338 | 67,080 | 18.5 | 54,984 | 233.56 * |
| Fiscal 2004 | 313,305 | 56,508 | 18.0 | 46,318 | 182.39 |
| | | | • | * I | Preliminary |

(Note) Year-end Outstanding Shares: Fiscal 2005; 1,220,000 shares, Fiscal 2004; 1,220,000 shares

Earnings Estimate for Fiscal 2006 (for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007) 2

| | Ordinary Income | Ordinary Profit | Net Income | Annual Cash Dividends per Share | | ds | |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|----|
| | | | | Year | end | | |
| | million yen | million yen | million yen | yen | | yen | |
| Full year | 74,100 | 19,900 | 10,400 | 0 | 00 | 0 | 00 |

(Reference) Earnings Estimate for Fiscal 2006 per Share (Full year): 8,524.59 yen (Calculated by dividing the Net Income Estimate for Fiscal 2006 by the Year-end Outstanding Shares.)

The above Earnings Estimate has been made by our Company's judgment based on information available at the time of such judgment. Actual performance may vary from estimated figures hereafter according to various factors. Further information regarding the premises of the above estimate and other related matters is included on page 6.

I.Outline of Management

1. Company Profile

Our company was established on April 10, 2001 by Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd., and Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd., and commenced business on the 7th of May of the same year.

At present, we are engaged in (i) "ATM business" which provides user-friendly cash deposit and withdrawal services to customers from a large number of corresponding financial institutions including banks, shinkin banks, credit unions, labor banks, JA Banks, JF Marine Banks, Japan Postal Service, securities firms, life insurance companies, credit card companies, etc., through our nationwide network of ATMs installed in convenience stores of Seven & i HLDGS ^(Note 1) consisting of Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd., Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd., etc., and (ii) "financial service business" which provides familiar and convenient integrated services of "remote banking" (the generic name of "Internet banking" through personal computers, "mobile banking" through mobile phones and "telephone banking" through telephones) with account holders of Seven Bank, Ltd (the Bank).

[Note 1] Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd., (established on September 1, 2005) is the holding company established through joint stock transfer by 3 companies, namely Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd., Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd., and Denny's Japan Co., Ltd., and is represented as Seven & i HLDGS together with other companies under Seven & i Holdings.

2. Management Policy

(1) Management Philosophy

- 1. Respond properly to customer needs, aiming to be a Bank trusted by customers,
- 2. Every employee speedily takes in the fruits of technical innovation and works on self-innovation,
- 3. Contribute to the steadiness and development of financial systems of Japan through providing a safe and effective infrastructure of settlement.

(2) Basic Management Policy

Our company will make every effort in providing banking services serving as "wallets" united closely with the lives of our customers in a safe, reliable and speedy manner by constructing an ATM network which can be used 24 hours a day 365 days a year through our infrastructure covering more than 11,000 stores installed at each related company under Seven & i HLDGS such as Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd.

At the same time, we will realize services based on the idea of co-existence and co-prosperity through contributing to an enhancement of services and business efficiency by providing our ATM network of high user-friendliness with other financial institutions.

Furthermore, we will exert ourselves so our stores can be used by wider segments of customers by positively providing financial services which will satisfy the needs of the customers of each related company under Seven & i HLDGS, thereby creating a synergy effect of an enhancement of profit-making strength of Seven & i HLDGS.

(3) Medium-to-Long Term Management Strategy

In the ATM business, we will concentrate our efforts on continuing an expansion of set-up areas by tie-ups with regional financial institutions by focusing on areas where each related company under Seven & I HLDGS has installed its stores, as well as raising a degree of set-up density in already set-up areas. In order to enhance customer convenience and safety of our ATM network, we will more positively tackle the quality improvement of ATM services by strengthening systems for steady operation and security measures so we can fulfill our social mission in a reliable and steady manner.

We will also challenge ourselves to construct new business models thereby establishing a more stable profit-making foundation by expanding our individual-oriented financial services derived from our business infrastructure and customer base under Seven & i HLDGS through such measures as intermediating and agent service at manned stores which started in full scale from FY 2005.

3. Performance and Financial Data

(1) ATM Business

1. Tie-Ups and Regional Development

Our ATMs are available to more customers as a result of new tie-ups with Shinginkou Tokyo, The Miyazaki Bank, Ltd., Japan Net Bank, Ltd., The Nagano Bank, Ltd. (April 2005), The Saikyo Bank, Ltd., The Keiyo Bank, Ltd. (May 2005), The Miyazaki Taiyo Bank, Ltd. (June 2005), The Bank of Saga Ltd., The Saga Kyoei Bank, Ltd. (November 2005), The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd. (December 2005), The Minato Bank, Ltd., The Yamanashi Chuo Bank, Ltd. (January 2006), The 77 Bank, Ltd., The Taiko Bank, Ltd. (March 2006).

We also started tie-ups with JA Bank and JF Marine Bank (November 2005) and positively expanded ATM tie-ups with segments of industries other than banks including shinkin banks, credit unions, securities firms, life insurance companies, credit card companies, consumer credit companies and consumer finance companies.

As a result, our tie-up companies increased by 44 companies, namely 13 banks ^(Note 1), 14 shinkin banks ^(Note 2), 5 credit unions, JA Bank _(Note 3), JA Marine Bank ^(Note 3), 3 securities companies, 1 life insurance company and 6 other financial institutions ^(Note 4), for a total of 513 tie-up companies as of the end of March 2006.

In addition to increase in the tie-up companies, our ATM service started in Miyazaki Pref. (April 2005), Yamanashi Pref. (August 2005), Gifu and Saga Pref. (November 2005), Mie Pref. (February 2006), Miyagi Pref. (March 2006), thereby our ATM service is now available in 30 prefectures as of March 2006, namely Tokyo, Shizuoka, Saitama, Osaka, Hyogo, Kanagawa, Chiba, Tochigi, Aichi, Kyoto, Nagano, Shiga, Fukuoka, Ibaraki, Hiroshima, Fukushima, Niigata, Kumamoto, Yamagata, Hokkaido, Yamaguchi, Gunma, Nagasaki, Okayama, Miyazaki, Yamanashi, Gifu, Saga, Mie and Miyagi prefectures (according to chronological order of installation).

As the result of expanding the set-up areas as well as raising set-up density in the already set-up areas, the number of ATMs installed increased by 1,503 units for a total of 11,484 units as of the end of March 2006 up from 9,981 units as of the end of March 2005.

[[]Note1] Although the number of new tie-up banks is 14, the increase number is 13 due to the merger of The UFJ Bank, Ltd., and The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd., forming the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., as of January 1, 2006.

[[]Note2] The number of tie-up shinkin banks is 241 as of the end of March 2005. The same number changed to 255 as of the end of March 2006 due to additional tie-ups and mergers between shinkin banks.

[[]Note3] JA Bank and JF Marine Bank are treated as one separate segment of industry.

[Note4] The number of new tie-ups of other financial institutions is 7. However, the number of increase is 6 due to the merger of UC Card Co., Ltd., and Credit Saison Co., Ltd.

2. Utilization of ATM

In addition to withdrawals, deposits, transfers and balance inquiries by our cashcards, our ATMs provide withdrawal, balance inquiry, etc. service with cashcards issued by each of the tie-up financial institutions and city banks of BANCS members. (The available services by using cashcards etc., of other financial institutions, available time frame, fees, etc., are fixed by the respective financial institutions.) In the respective fiscal year, we continued to make efforts to increase the tie-up companies, expand the set-up area and increase the number of installed units aiming for "Everybody's ATMs" which are available "Anytime", "Anywhere" by "Anyone" and "with Security." At the same time, in order for customers to recognize our ATMs as early as possible in newly set-up areas as well as to be more familiar with the cards and details of services available in already set-up areas, we have been engaged in active advertising activities appropriate to each area by working with Seven & i HLDGS and tie-up companies. Thanks to these activities, the number of transaction of our ATMs increased with a speed beyond our expectations, thereby resulting in a monthly average of more than 1 million transactions in December 2005 and March 2006. Accordingly, the average number of daily transaction per ATM and the total number of transaction during the fiscal year reached 88 cases and 342 million cases respectively.

(2) Financial Service Business

We provide ordinary deposits and time deposits with our primary focus being on individual customers. As of the end of March 2006, we held 349 thousand accounts with a deposit balance of 181.7 billion yen, of which the number individual customer accounts and the balance of deposit was 331 thousand and 52.0 billion yen respectively. These figures show that both of the number of accounts and the deposit balance are steadily increasing in line with our individual-customer-oriented direction. The balance of time deposits of which business we started as of March 20, 2006 amounted to 2.3 billion yen.

"Everyone's Bank Teller Window" installed in manned branches as antenna stores within Ito-Yokado in April 2005 expanded now to 5 stores (Soga, Yachiyo, Kawaguchi, Kasai and Kameari) as of the end of March 2006, and our representative office within Ito-Yokado Kawaguchi store started banking agency service for Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation as of March 2, 2006.

(3) Business Result

The business performance of our 5th fiscal year ending in March 2006 resulted in 64,612 million yen for ordinary income, 19,409 million yen for ordinary profit and 10,590 million yen for net profit for the year. As a result, the accumulated earnings was appropriated for the first time from the commencement of the business in the amount of 6,089 million yen after dissolving losses carried forward in the amount of 4,501 million yen. The increase in ordinary income and ordinary profit is due to the steady increase in the transaction of our ATMs through our efforts in expanding tie-up companies, increasing the number of set-up units of ATMs and positively developing advertising activities.

Net profit for the year decreased from the previous year despite the increase in ordinary income and ordinary profit. This is due to taxation factors, although the deferred income tax (910 million yen) related to the losses carried forward etc., was appropriated in favor of an increase in net profit for the previous year, the deferred income tax (2,141 million yen) due to the reversal of the differed tax assets related to the losses carried forward was appropriated against an increase in net profit for the current year and the corporate tax, inhabitant tax and enterprise tax (3,870million yen in total) was newly appropriated for the current year.

(4) Financial Data

« Assets »

Total assets amounted to 361,338 million yen. Most of the total assets were the cash and due from bank in the amount of 253,117 million yen, which was necessary for the operation of ATMs. In addition, securities (only Japanese government bonds and corporate bonds guaranteed by Japanese government) amounted to 53,571 million yen which was pledged as collateral for exchange settlement and overdraft transactions with the Bank of Japan, and assets for system development (software and software-related temporary accounts), which occupied most of the fixed assets, amounted to 11,153 million yen.

《 Liabilities 》

Total liabilities were 294,257 million yen. Most the total liabilities was occupied by deposits (other than negotiable certificates of deposits) in the amount of 181,770 million yen of which deposits from individuals and from corporate entities was 52,048 million and 128,305 million yen respectively.

Total **stockholders' equity** amounted to 67, 080 million yen, of which **capital** stock was 61,000 million yen and retained earnings was 6,089 million yen. The capital adequacy ratio (domestic standard) was 233.56 % (preliminary base.)

(5) Forecast for the Next Fiscal Year Results etc.

In the fiscal year of 2006, we will continue to expand our territory in the ATM business and financial service business.

In the ATM business sector, we plan to increase the number of ATMs to about 12,500 units by expanding ATM set-up areas by covering all areas where Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd., has established a store and by additional installations in already set-up areas. In addition to tie-ups involving the development of new areas as well as in already set-up areas, we plan to further expand our tie-ups with regional banks etc., in areas where Seven-Eleven has not installed any stores yet. We also plan to continue our effort to improve our business promotional activities in an active and effective manner in line with the characteristics of the regions and customers for enhancing the recognition and transaction of our ATM services. By implementing these measures, we forecast that we will be able to increase the annual daily average transaction of our ATMs per unit and the total transaction of our ATMs will increase to 93 cases (+ 5 cases compared to the previous year) and to about 400 million cases (+58 million cases on the same base) respectively.

Furthermore, by expanding the areas where new types of ATMs of which installation began from FY 2005 are available, as well as the financial institutions where IC cards are available at our ATMs, we will strengthen our security function so that our customers will be able to use our ATMs without any concern.

In the financial business sector, we plan to start loans for individuals from around Spring of 2007 in order to meet the

needs of our customers. As for the manned branches called, "Everyone's Bank Teller Window" installed within Ito-Yokado stores, we will continue to expand our tie-up companies for the banking business as an agent to banks, thereby taking on our challenge of constructing business models of new financial services.

We forecast that our ordinary income will further increase in FY 2006 thanks to a steady increase in the transaction of our ATMs as a result of further improvement of the ATM business base due to the expansion of tie-ups and development ATMs etc. On the other hand, we expect an increase in depreciation costs, thereby an increase in ordinary expenses due to an increase in active prior investment in construction of a stronger management base such as the development of new types of ATMs and the expansion of financial services and gradually changing our procurement method of ATMs from lease contracts to self-procurement. In addition, we expect an increase in our extraordinary expenses due to the payment of penalties amounting to \$2.4 billion arising from the renewal of ATMs before the termination of lease contracts. Accordingly, our forecast of financial results for the fiscal year ending March 2007 will be \$74.1 billion for ordinary income (+14.7% compared with the previous year), \$19.9 billion for ordinary profit (+2.5% on the same base) and \$10.4 billion (-0.0% on the same base) for net profits.

(Note) The above forecast has been made by our Company's judgment based on the information available at the time of such judgment. Actual performance may vary from the forecast depending on changes such as economic circumstances and surroundings of the business management in and out of our company.

UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS The 5th Fiscal Year (As of March 31, 2006)

| | | <u> </u> | Millions of yen |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---|-----------------|
| Title of Account | Amount | Title of Account | Amount |
| (Assets) | | (Liabilities) | |
| Cash and due from banks | 253,117 | Deposits | 181,770 |
| Cash | 222,528 | Ordinary deposits | 177,981 |
| Due from banks | 30,589 | Time deposits | 3,723 |
| Securities | 53,571 | Other deposits | 65 |
| Japanese Government bonds | 47,568 | Negotiable Certiificates of Deposits | 15,110 |
| Govtguaranteed bonds | 6,002 | Borrowed money | 65,000 |
| Other assets | 52,846 | Bonds | 15,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | 206 | Other liabilities | 17,100 |
| Prepaid pension costs | 68 | Income taxes payable | 4,006 |
| Accrued income | 5,706 | Accrued expenses | 3,125 |
| Derivatives other than for trading | 121 | Unearned income | 26 |
| ATM-related temporary payments | 35,127 | ATM-related temporary advances | 8,833 |
| Software | 10,295 | Other | 1,108 |
| Software-related temporary accounts | 858 | Reserve for bonuses | 148 |
| Other | 461 | Reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors | 128 |
| Premises and Equipment | 928 | Total liabilities | 294,257 |
| Land, buildings and equipment | 579 | (Stockholders' equity) | |
| Guarantee deposits and foregifts | 349 | Capital stock | 61,000 |
| Deferred tax assets | 920 | Retained earnings | 6,089 |
| Allowance for credit losses | (45) | Accumulated earnings | 6,089 |
| | | Net profit for the year | 10,590 |
| | | Net unrealized gains (losses) on available for-sale securities ,net of taxes | (8) |
| | | Total stockholders' equity | 67,080 |
| Total assets | 361,338 | Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | 361,338 |

Note 1 . Amounts less than one million yen are rounded down.

- 2. Securities with fair market value are carried at their fiscal year-end fair market value (cost of securities sold is calculated using primarily the moving-average method).Net realized gains or losses on these securities, net of taxes, are included in stockholder's equity.
- 3. Derivatives transactions are carried at fair value.
- 4. Premises and equipment are depreciated using the declining-balance method. However, depreciation for buildings, other than the fixtures attached to them, is computed using the straight-line method. The Estimated useful lives of major items are as follows.

Buildings: $6 \sim 18$ yearsEquipment: $3 \sim 20$ years

- 5. Software utilized by the Bank is depreciated over the period in which it is expected to be utilized (five years).
- 6. An allowance for credit losses is provided as detailed below in accordance with the Bank's internal standards for

write-offs and provisions.

For credits to obligors classified as Normal or In need of caution, defined by "Practical Guidance concerning Verification of Internal Control on Self-Assessment of Assets held by Financial Institutions including Banks, and Audit of Charge-off of and Allowance for Credit Losses" (Report No.4 by the Special Committee on Auditing Banks etc. of the Japans Institute of Certified Public Accountant), credits are classified to the predetermined categories and the allowance for credit losses is provided based on the Bank's estimated rate of credit losses. For credits to obligors classified as Possible bankruptcy obligors, the allowance is provided for estimated unrecoverable amounts determined after evaluating the obligor's financial condition. For credits to obligors classified as Virtually bankruptcy obligors or Legal bankruptcy obligors, the allowance for credit losses is provided in the full amount of such credits, excluding the portion that is estimated to be recoverable due to available security interest and guarantees.

The Bank's Risk Management Office, which is independent from the Bank's other divisions, evaluates all credits with the cooperation of other divisions in accordance with its internal rules for the self-assessment of assets, and its evaluations are audited by the Internal Audit Division which is independent from the Bank's other divisions and the Risk Management Office. The allowance is provided based on the results of these assessments.

- 7. The Bank records a reserve for bonuses for employees in the amount of estimated bonuses, attributable to the relevant fiscal year.
- 8. The reserve for employees' retirement benefits is provided for the payment of employees' retirement benefits, in the amount deemed accrued at the fiscal year-end, based on the projected retirement benefit obligation and the fair value of pension plan assets at the fiscal year-end. The Bank appropriated a surplus in "prepaid pension cost," because plan assets exceeded the adjusted balance of "unrecognized prior service costs" and "unrecognized net actuarial difference" under "projected benefit obligation." The following are the methods of appropriation of the prior service cost and net actuarial difference.

Unrecognized prior service cost: Amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years within the employees' average remaining service period at occurrence.

Unrecognized net actuarial difference: Amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years within the employees' average remaining service period commencing from the next fiscal year of occurrence.

- 9. The reserve for the retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors is provided in an amount equal to the amount of the aggregate retirement benefits payable if they retire from their positions by the balance sheet date under the Bank's internal guidelines.
- 10. Finance leases which do not transfer ownership to lessees are accounted for in the same manner as operating leases.
- 11. Special interest rate swaps are used for some assets/liabilities. Hedge targets are individually identified and interest rate swaps are used as hedging transactions to offset market changes in variable interest rates.
- 12. National and local consumption taxes for the Bank are accounted for using the tax-excluded method.
- 13. Accumulated depreciation of premises and equipment: 401 million yen.
- 14. ATMs etc., computers and peripherals thereof, and a part of other office appliances other than the premises and equipment appropriated on the balance sheets are used by lease contracts.
- 15. Securities of 53,571 million yen were pledged as collateral for exchange settlement and overdraft transactions with the Bank of Japan.
- 16. Net Assets per share is 54,984.18 yen.

17. Information on fair value, net unrealized gains (losses), etc., of available-for-sale securities is as follows.

| | | | | | Millions of yen |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Acquisition cost | Balance sheet amount | Net unrealized gains(losses) | Unrealized gains | Unrealized losses |
| Bonds | 53,585 | 53,571 | (14) | 3 | 18 |
| Japanese Government | 47,587 | 47,568 | (18) | - | 18 |
| bonds | | | | | |
| Government- guaranteed | | | | | |
| bonds | 5,998 | 6,002 | 3 | 3 | - |
| Total | 53,585 | 53,571 | (14) | 3 | 18 |

Securities with fair value:

¥(8) million, which is an aggregate of the above "net unrealized losses" and ¥5 million of "deferred tax assets" are included in "net unrealized gains on stocks etc."

18. Redemption schedule for available-for-sale securities with maturity is as follows.

| | | Within 1 year | After 1 year through 5 years | After 5 year through 10 years | | Millions of yen After 10 years |
|-------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Bonds | | 53,571 | - | | - | - |
| Japanese | Government | 47,568 | - | | - | - |
| bonds | | | | | | |
| Government- | guaranteed | | | | | |
| bonds | | 6,002 | - | | - | - |
| Total | | 53,571 | - | | - | - |

19. The Bank applied "Accounting Standards Relating to the Impairment of Fixed Assets" (Opinion Regarding the Setting of Accounting Standards Relating to the Impairment of Fixed Assets, Business Accounting Deliberation Council, August 9, 2002) and "Fixed Assets Impairment Accounting Guideline" (Corporate Accounting Standard Application Guideline, No.6, October 31, 2003) from fiscal year 2005. There was no impact thereof on" income before income tax.

20. "ATM-related temporary payments" of 35,127 million yen and "ATM-related temporary advances" of 8,833 million yen had conventionally been included in "temporary payments" and "temporary advances," respectively. However, the Bank separately presented these line items from fiscal year 2005 due to the business having become well established after an initial start-up period. Under this change, other temporary payments and other temporary advances were included in "other assets-other" and "other liabilities-other," respectively. As compared to the previous presentation, "other assets-other" increased by 51 million yen and "other liabilities-other" by 20 million yen.

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME The 5th Fiscal Year (from April 1, 2005 to March 31,2006)

| Account | Amount | |
|--|--------|--------|
| Ordinary income | | 64,612 |
| Interest income | 78 | |
| Interest and dividends on securities | 78 | |
| Interest on deposit with banks | 0 | |
| Fees and commissions income | 63,973 | |
| Remittance-related fee income | 293 | |
| ATM-related fee income | 61,957 | |
| Other fees and commissions | 1,722 | |
| Other operating income | 444 | |
| Gains on financial derivatives | 444 | |
| Other ordinary income | 116 | |
| Other | 116 | |
| Drdinary expenses | | 45,203 |
| Interest expenses | 634 | - |
| Interest on deposits | 45 | |
| Interest on negotiable Certificates of | 16 | |
| Deposits | | |
| Interest on call money | 2 | |
| Interest on borrowed money and rediscount | 438 | |
| Interest on bonds | 132 | |
| Fees and commissions expenses | 4,845 | |
| Remittance-related fees expenses | 108 | |
| ATM placement fee expenses | 4,556 | |
| ATM-related fee expenses | 134 | |
| Other fees and commissions | 47 | |
| Other operating expenses | 68 | |
| Amortization of bond issuance expenses | 68 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 39,565 | |
| Other ordinary expenses | 88 | |
| Other | 88 | |
| Drdinary profit | | 19,409 |
| Extraordinary gains | | 15 |
| Gains on reversal of allowance for credit losses | 15 | |
| Extraordinary losses | | 2,823 |
| Losses on disposal of premises and equipment | 47 | , - |
| Losses on disposal of software | 1,702 | |
| Other extraordinary losses | 1,072 | |
| ncome before income taxes | -, | 16,601 |
| Current income taxes | | 3,870 |
| Deferred income taxes | | 2,141 |
| Vet income | | 10,590 |
| Losses carried forward | | 4,501 |
| Accumulated earnings | - | 6,089 |

Note 1. Amounts less than one million yen are rounded down.

- 2. Net income per share is 8,680.89 yen.
- 3. There is no residual stock.

4. "Other extraordinary losses" consist of 633 million yen for expenses related to the change of our business name, 251 million yen for expenses related to the termination of lease contracts etc., and 187 million yen for additional expenses related to the termination of support contracts of banking business.

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS [Unaudited]

The 5th Fiscal Year (from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006)

| | Millions of yen |
|--|-----------------|
| Category | Amount |
| I Cash flows from operating activities | |
| Income before income taxes | 16,601 |
| Depreciation of fixed assets | 4,311 |
| Net changes in reserve for credit losses | (15) |
| Interest income | (78) |
| Interest expenses | 634 |
| Net losses on securities transactions (loss) | 68 |
| Net losses on disposal of premisis and equipment (loss) | 47 |
| Net change in deposits (loss) | 56,993 |
| Net change in negotiable certificates of deposit (loss) | (49,890) |
| Net change in borrowed money, etc. (loss) | 25,000 |
| Net change in ATM-related temporary accounts (loss) | (5,587) |
| Interest received | 292 |
| Interest paid | (561) |
| Other-net | (594) |
| Subtotal | 47,223 |
| Income taxes paid | (10) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 47,212 |
| | |
| I Cash flows from Investing Activities | |
| Purchase of securities | (123,394) |
| Proceeds from maturity of securities | 95,500 |
| Purchase of premises and equipment | (214) |
| Purchase of software | (6,784) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (34,892) |
| | |
| I Cash flows from financing activities | |
| Net cash used in finance activities | |
| | |
| V Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | |
| V Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 12,319 |
| 7 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 240,797 |
| I Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 253,117 |

Note: 1. Amounts less than one million yen are rounded down.

2. The scope of the fund on the Statement of Cash Flows is "Cash and due from banks" on Balance Sheet.

| COMPRISON OF UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS | (selected items) |
|--|------------------|
|--|------------------|

| Millions of ye | | | | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| Title of Account | AS of March 31,2006(A) | AS of March $31,2005(B)$ | Change(A - B) | |
| (Assets) | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | 253,117 | 240,797 | 12,320 | |
| Securities | 53,571 | 26,012 | 27,559 | |
| Prepaid pension cost | 68 | 58 | 10 | |
| Accrued income | 5,706 | 4,347 | 1,359 | |
| ATM-related temporary payments | 35,127 | — | 35,127 | |
| Temporary payments | — | 26,755 | (26,755) | |
| Software | 10,295 | 7,666 | 2,629 | |
| Software-related temporary accounts | 858 | 3,904 | (3,046) | |
| Other assets | 790 | 111 | 679 | |
| Premises and equipment | 928 | 663 | 265 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 920 | 3,049 | (2,129) | |
| Allowance doe credit losses | (45) | (61) | 16 | |
| Total assets | 361,338 | 313,305 | 48,033 | |
| (Liabilities) | | | | |
| Deposits | 181,770 | 124,776 | 56,994 | |
| Negotiable certificates of deposits | 15,110 | 65,000 | (49,890) | |
| Borrowed money | 65,000 | 40,000 | 25,000 | |
| Bonds | 15,000 | 15,000 | _ | |
| ATM-related temporary advances | 8,833 | — | 8,833 | |
| Temporary advances | _ | 6,045 | (6,045) | |
| Other liabilities | 8,267 | 5,747 | 2,520 | |
| Reserve for Bonuses | 148 | 121 | 27 | |
| Reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory | 128 | 107 | 21 | |
| auditors Total Liabilities | 294,257 | 256,797 | 37,460 | |
| (Stockholders' equity) | | | | |
| Capital Stock | 61,000 | 61,000 | _ | |
| Retained Earnings | 6,089 | (4,50 4 1) | 10,590 | |
| Unappropriate Income for the year | 6,089 | (4,501) | 10,590 | |
| Net profit for the year | 10,590 | 10,843 | (253) | |
| Net Unrealized Gains on Stocks etc. | (8) | 9 | (17) | |
| Total stockholders' equity | 67,080 | 56,508 | 10,572 | |

| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity 361,338 313,305 48,033 | |
|---|--|
|---|--|

COMPARISON OF UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (selected items)

| Millions of ye | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Title of Account | AS of March 31,2006(A) | AS of March $31,2005(B)$ | Change(A-B) | | |
| Ordinary income | 64,612 | 47,967 | 16,645 | | |
| Interest income | 78 | 26 | 52 | | |
| (Interest and dividends on securities) | 78 | 25 | 53 | | |
| Fees and commissions income | 63,973 | 47,917 | 16,056 | | |
| (ATM-related fee income) | 61,957 | 45,877 | 16,080 | | |
| Other operating income | 444 | _ | 444 | | |
| Other ordinary income | 116 | 23 | 93 | | |
| Ordinary expenses | 45,203 | 37,892 | 7,311 | | |
| Interest expenses | 634 | 446 | 188 | | |
| (Interest on deposits) | 45 | 33 | 12 | | |
| Fees and commissions expenses | 4,845 | 3,753 | 1,092 | | |
| (ATM placement fee expenses) | 4,556 | 3,544 | 1,012 | | |
| (ATM-related fee expenses) | 134 | 104 | 30 | | |
| Other operating expenses | 68 | 518 | (450) | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 39,565 | 33,002 | 6,563 | | |
| Other ordinary expenses | 88 | 171 | (83) | | |
| Ordinary profit | 19,409 | 10,075 | 9,334 | | |
| Extraordinary gains | 15 | _ | 15 | | |
| Extraordinary losses | 2,823 | 130 | 2,693 | | |
| Income before income taxes | 16,601 | 9,944 | 6,657 | | |
| Current income taxes | 3,870 | 10 | 3,860 | | |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,141 | (910) | 3,051 | | |
| Net income | 10,590 | 10,843 | (253) | | |
| Losses carried forward | 4,501 | 15,345 | (10,844) | | |
| Accumulated earnings | 6,089 | (4,501) | 10,590 | | |
| Accumulated earnings | 6,089 | (4,501) | 10,590 | | |

Millions of yen As of March 31, 2006 As of March 31, 2005 Changes Category (B) (A) - (B)(A) I Cash flows from operating activities Income before income taxes 16,601 9,944 6,657 Depreciation of fixed assets 4,311 737 3,574 Net changes in reserve for credit losses 50 (15) (65)Interest income (78)(26)(52) Interest expenses 634 446 188 Net losses on securities transactions (loss) 68 68 ____ Net losses on disposal of premises and equipment (loss) 47 0 47 Net change in deposits (loss) 56,993 54,659 2,334 Net change in negotiable certificates of deposit (loss) (49,890) (49,890) Net change in borrowed money (loss) 25,000 35,000 (10,000)Net change in ATM-related temporary accounts (loss) 1,045 (5,587)(6,632) Interest received 292 18 274 Interest paid (200)(561)(361)Other-net 1,513 (2,107)(594)47,223 1,361 Subtotal 45,862 0 Income taxes paid (10)(10)45,851 1,361 Net cash provided by operating activities 47,212 II Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of securities (123, 394)(31,998)(91,396) Proceeds from maturity of securities 95,500 28,000 67,500 Purchase of premises and equipment (214)(145)(69) Purchase of software 36 (36) Net cash used in investing activities (6,784)(4,675)(2,109)(34,892) (8,783) (26, 109)III Cash flows from financing activities Net cash used in finance activities IV Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents V Net increase in cash and cash equivalents _ _ _ VI Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 12,319 37,068 (*24,749) VII Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 240,797 203,729 37,068 253,117 240,797 12,320

COMPARISON OF UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

II.Other Financial Information

Figures less than a unit are rounded off unless indicated.

The following information regarding loans is not provided here as there was no loan balance during the respective fiscal year. The average balance of loans, loans by remaining period, loans by collateral, loans by use of fund, loans by industries, loans to medium and small sized enterprises, certain oversea loans, deposit-loan ratio, loans to borrowers in bankruptcy, past due loans, accruing loans contractually past due for 3 months or more, restructured loans and the amount of charge-off.

[Main Financial Data]

| | | | | | Millions of yen |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY2004 | FY2003 | FY2002 | FY2001 |
| Ordinary income | 64,612 | 47,967 | 29,117 | 11,568 | 1,906 |
| Ordinary profit | 19,409 | 10,075 | 3,035 | (8,173) | (12,168) |
| Net income | 10,590 | 10,843 | 5,027 | (8,191) | (12,181) |
| Capital stock | 61,000 | 61,000 | 61,000 | 61,000 | 61,000 |
| Number of outstanding stocks | 1,220,000 | 1,220,000 | 1,220,000 | 1,220,000 | 1,220,000 |
| (Shares) | | | | | |
| Net assets | 67,080 | 56,508 | 45,662 | 40,658 | 48,833 |
| Total assets | 361,338 | 313,305 | 259,676 | 159,928 | 127,472 |
| Balance of deposits | 181,770 | 124,776 | 122,442 | 75,908 | 35,489 |
| Balance of loans | — | _ | — | — | _ |
| Balance of securities | 53,571 | 26,012 | 22,002 | 22,605 | 16,602 |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio | 233.56%* | 182.39% | 201.01% | 221.39% | 300.94% |
| (Unconsolidated) | (Preliminary) | | | | |
| Dividend payout ratio | — | _ | — | — | _ |
| Number of employees | 211 | 181 | 145 | 140 | 119 |
| (persons) | | | | | |

* Preliminary

· Directors, temporary staff and part-timers are excluded from the number of employees.

• FY 2001 covers the period from April 10, 2000 to March 31, 2001.

[Gross Profit/Net Operating Profit]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| | FY2005 | FY2004 | Change |
| Net interest income | (556) | (420) | (136) |
| Net fees and commissions income | 59,127 | 44,164 | 14,963 |
| Net other operating income | 375 | (518) | 893 |
| Gross operating profit | 58,946 | 43,225 | 15,721 |
| Gross operating profit ratio | 72.71% | 76.21% | (3.50%) |
| Net operating profit | 19,381 | 10,172 | 9,209 |

· There is neither income from the international business sector nor from trading transactions.

• Gross operating profit ratio is calculated by dividing the Gross operating profit by the Average balance of the fund operating account.

Millions of you

| | | | | Millions of yen, % |
|--|--------------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| | | FY 2005 | FY2004 | Change |
| Fund operating account ① | Average bal. | 81,064 | 56,715 | 24,349 |
| | Interest | 78 | 26 | 52 |
| | Yield | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Securities | Average bal. | 39,337 | 24,479 | 14,858 |
| | Interest | 78 | 25 | 5. |
| | Yield | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| Due from banks | Average bal. | 41,726 | 32,235 | 9,49 |
| (other than non-interest | Interest | 0 | 0 | (|
| bearing account) | | | | |
| | Yield | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Fund procurement account $\textcircled{2}$ | Average bal. | 290,699 | 248,044 | 42,65 |
| | Interest | 634 | 446 | 188 |
| | Yield | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.04 |
| Deposits | Average bal. | 153,984 | 117,863 | 36,12 |
| | Interest | 45 | 33 | 12 |
| | Yield | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| Negotiable CDs | Average bal. | 42,103 | 65,000 | (22,897 |
| | Interest | 16 | 24 | (8 |
| | Yield | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.00 |
| Call money | Average bal. | 33,131 | 22,043 | 11,088 |
| | Interest | 2 | 1 | |
| | Yield | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Borrowed Money | Average Bal. | 46,479 | 28,136 | 18,343 |
| | Interest | 438 | 255 | 18. |
| | Yield | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.04 |
| Bonds | Average bal. | 15,000 | 15,000 | |
| | Interest | 132 | 131 | |
| | Yield | 0.88 | 0.87 | 0.0 |
| Fund spread(1)Yield -2 Yield) | | (0.12) | (0.13) | 0.0 |

[Average Balances etc. of Fund Operating/Procurement Account]

There are no Fund operating/procurement accounts held by the international business sector.

[Changes of Interest Received/Paid]

| Millions of yen | | | | | | ven |
|---|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
| | | FY 2005 | | FT 2004 | | |
| | Changes due to | Changes due to | Net change | Changes due to | Changes due to | Net change |
| | balance | interest rate | | balance | interest rate | |
| Fund operation account | 29 | 22 | 52 | 2 | (12) | (10) |
| Securities | 29 | 22 | 52 | 1 | (11) | (9) |
| Call loan | — | — | — | (0) | — | (0) |
| Due from banks (other than non-interest bearing accounts) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (0) | (0) |
| Fund procurement accounts | 175 | 13 | 188 | 350 | 0 | 351 |
| Deposits | 10 | 0 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| Negotiable certificates of | (9) | 1 | (7) | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| deposits | | | | | | |
| Call money | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (3) | (3) |
| Borrowed money | 173 | 10 | 183 | 249 | 1 | 251 |
| Bonds | — | 0 | 0 | 90 | (0) | 90 |

• In cases where both the balance and the rate of interest are factors of changes, the overlapping portion is calculated based on a proportion of the respective changes.

• There is no income from the international business sector.

[Profit Ratio]

| | | | % |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | FY2005 | FY2004 | Change |
| Total assets to ordinary profit ratio | 5.26 | 3.29 | 1.97 |
| Net Assets to ordinary profit ratio | 28.95 | 19.64 | 9.31 |
| Total assets to net profit ratio | 2.87 | 3.54 | (0.67) |
| Net Assets to net profit radio | 15.80 | 21.14 | (5.34) |

[Average Balance of Deposits]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| Liquid deposits | 153,481 | 117,863 | 35,618 |
| Time deposits | 503 | — | 503 |
| Negotiable certificates of deposits | 42,103 | 65,000 | (22,897) |
| Total | 196,088 | 182,863 | 13,225 |

There is no average balance of deposits held by the international business sector.

[Year-End Balance of Deposits]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| Liquid deposits | 178,047 | 124,776 | 53,271 |
| Time deposits | 3,723 | — | 3,723 |
| Negotiable certificates of deposits | 15,110 | 65,000 | (49,890) |
| Total | 196,880 | 189,776 | 7,104 |

There is no year-end balance of deposits held by the international business sector.

[Balance of Time Deposit by Remaining Maturities]

| Millions of | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change | | | |
| less than 3 months | 391 | _ | 391 | | | |
| 3 months – less than 6 months | 313 | — | 313 | | | |
| 6 months – less than 1 year | 831 | — | 831 | | | |
| 1 year – less than 2 years | 207 | — | 207 | | | |
| 2 years – less than 3 years | 1,478 | — | 1,478 | | | |
| 3 years and over | 500 | — | 500 | | | |
| Total | 3,723 | - | 3,723 | | | |

There is no year-end balance in FY 2004.

[Breakdown of General and Administrative Expenses]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| General and administrative expenses | 39,565 | 33,002 | 6,563 |
| Personnel expenses | 2,487 | 1,745 | 742 |
| Non-personnel expenses | 34,752 | 29,785 | 4,967 |
| Business consignment expenses | 14,442 | 12,092 | 2,350 |
| Rental expenses (land, buildings | 7,502 | 6,346 | 1,156 |
| and machines) | | | |
| Depreciation expenses | 4,311 | 3,574 | 737 |

[Average Balance of Trading Securities]

Not applicable

[Balance of Securities by Remaining Period]

| As of the end of March, 2006 Millions of yen | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------|
| | Within | 1-5 years | 5-10 years | Over 10 years | Total |
| | 1 year | | | | |
| Japanese Government bonds | 47,568 | — | — | — | 47,568 |
| Local government bonds | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Corporate bonds | 6,002 | _ | _ | _ | 6,002 |
| Stocks | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Other securities | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Foreign bonds | | _ | _ | _ | |
| Foreign stocks | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Total | 53,571 | _ | _ | _ | 53,571 |

• There is no balance of securities held by the international business sector.

• All corporate bonds are guaranteed by the government.

| | Within | 1-5 years | 5-10 years | Over 10 years | Total |
|---------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------|
| | 1 year | | | | |
| Japanese Government bonds | 19,998 | _ | _ | _ | 19,998 |
| Local government bonds | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Corporate bonds | | 6,014 | _ | _ | 6,014 |
| Stocks | — | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other securities | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Foreign bonds | — | — | _ | _ | _ |
| Foreign stocks | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total | 19,998 | 6,014 | _ | _ | 26,012 |

• There is no balance of securities held by the international business sector.

• All corporate bonds are guaranteed by the government.

[Average Balance of Securities]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| Japanese Government bonds | 33,341 | 15,886 | 17,455 |
| Local government bonds | — | — | — |
| Corporate bonds | 5,995 | 8,593 | (2,598) |
| Stocks | — | — | _ |
| Other securities | — | — | — |
| Foreign bonds | — | — | _ |
| Foreign stocks | — | — | — |
| Total | 39,337 | 24,479 | 14,858 |

· There is no average balance of securities held by the international business sector.

• All corporate bonds are guaranteed by the government.

[Year-End Balance of Securities]

| | | | Million yen |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| | | | |
| Japanese Government bonds | 47,568 | 19,998 | 27,570 |
| Local government bonds | — | — | — |
| Corporate bonds | 6,002 | 6,014 | (12) |
| Stocks | — | _ | — |
| Other securities | - | — | — |
| Foreign bonds | — | — | — |
| Foreign stocks | — | — | — |
| Total | 53,571 | 26,012 | 27,559 |

· There is no year-end balance of securities held by the international business sector.

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ All corporate bonds are guaranteed by the government.

[Deposits to Securities Ratio]

| - | | | % |
|---|--|---------|--------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 | Change |
| Deposits to securities ratio (Year-end balance) | 27.21 | 13.70 | 13.51 |
| " (Average balance) | 20.06 | 13.38 | 6.68 |
| | verage) balance of securi rage) balance of deposits | | (100) |

[Capital Adequacy Ratio]

| millions of yen | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|-----------------------------|--------|
| | | | As of the end of FY 2005* (Latest figure) | As of the end of FY 2004 | Change |
| Basic items | | (A) | 67,080 | 56,496 | 10,5 |
| Supplementary items: | General allowance for credit losse | s | 42 | 61 | (|
| | Other allowance | | — | — | |
| | Total | | 42 | 61 | (|
| | of which included to own capital | (B) | 42 | 61 | (|
| Deduction items: | Amount of capital procurement means | | | | |
| | of other financial institutions | (C) | — | _ | |
| Total Qualifying Capital | (A) + (B) - (C) | (D) | 67,123 | 56,557 | 10,5 |
| Risk assets etc. | On-balance sheet items | (E) | 28,673 | 30,974 | (2,30 |
| | Off-balance sheet items | (F) | 64 | 35 | |
| Total | (E) + (F) | (G) | 28,738 | 31,009 | (2,2 |
| Capital adequacy ratio(Dom | $(D) \neq (G) \times 100$ | | 233.56% | 182.39% | 51.1 |

*Preliminary

[Information on Fair Value etc. of Securities]

| As of the end of March 2006 Millions of yen | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------|--------|
| | Acquisition cost | Amount on balance sheet | Net unrealized | Gains | Losses |
| | | | gains/losses | | |
| Japanese Government | 47,587 | 47,568 | (18) | _ | 18 |
| bonds | | | | | |
| Bonds guaranteed by | 5,998 | 6,002 | 3 | 3 | — |
| government | | | | | |
| Total | 53,585 | 53,571 | (14) | 3 | 18 |

There is no balance of securities held by international business sector.

| As of the end of March 2005 | As of the end of March 2005 | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------|--------|
| | Acquisition cost | Amount on balance Sheet | Net unrealized | Gains | Losses |
| | | | gains/losses | | |
| Japanese Government | 19,999 | 19,998 | (1) | _ | 1 |
| bonds | | | | | |
| Bonds guaranteed by | 5,995 | 6,014 | 18 | 18 | _ |
| government | | | | | |
| Total | 25,995 | 26,012 | 16 | 18 | 1 |

There is no balance of securities held by international business sector.

[Information on Fair Value of Money held in Trust]

Not applicable

[Information on Fair Value of Derivative Transactions]

1. Interest related Transactions

As of the end of March 2006

| | | | | | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Category Nature | | ture | Contract etc. | | Fair value Net unrealize | |
| Culcgory | Calegory | | | Over 1 year | i un value | gains(losses) |
| OTC | Interest rate swap | Receive variable/pay fixed | 35,000 | 35,000 | 121 | 121 |
| Total | | | 35,000 | 35,000 | 121 | 121 |

Millions of ven

· The above transactions are valued at market value and unrealized gains (losses) are accounted for the statement for incomes.

· Calculation of fair value: Calculated using the discounted present value model etc.

· The interest rate swap transactions applying special measures are excluded from the above.

| As of the end of March 2005 Millions | | | | | | ons of yen |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| Category Nature | | tura | Contract etc. | | Net unrealiz Fair value | Net unrealized |
| Calegory | Nature | | | Over 1 year | T all value | gains(losses) |
| OTC | Interest rate swap | Receive variable/pay | 35,000 | 35,000 | (580) | (580) |
| | | fixed | | | | |
| Total | | | 35,000 | 35,000 | (580) | (580) |

• The above transactions are valued at market value and unrealized gains (losses) are accounted for the statement for incomes.

· Calculation of fair value: Calculated using the discounted present value model etc.

2. Currency related Transactions

Not applicable

[Year-End Balance of Allowance for Credit Losses]

| | | Millions of yen |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| | End of FY 2005 | End of FY2004 |
| Allowance for credit losses-general | 42 | 61 |
| Allowance for credit losses-individual | 3 | — |
| Specific allowance for certain overseas loans | - | — |
| Total | 45 | 61 |

Temporary payments etc., occurring continuously are subject to an appropriation of the general allowance for credit losses based on internal rules.

[Changes of Allowance for Credit Losses during Year]

| 8 | - | Millions of yen |
|---|---------|-----------------|
| | FY 2005 | FY 2004 |
| | (10) | |
| Allowance for credit losses-general | (18) | 50 |
| Allowance for credit losses-individual | 3 | — |
| Specific allowance for certain overseas loans | _ | — |
| Total | (15) | 50 |

[Status of Asset Assessment]

| | | | Millions of yen |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Category of claims | End of FY 2005 | End of FY 2004 | Changes |
| | | | |
| Unrecoverable or valueless claims | | _ | — |
| Doubtful claims | — | _ | — |
| Claims in needs of special caution | — | — | — |
| Normal claims | 35,201 | 26,756 | 8,445 |
| Total | 35,201 | 26,756 | 8,445 |

The above classification is based on "The Law concerning Emergency Measures for the Financial Functions."

[Details of Corporate Bonds]

millions of yen

| Description | Issue date | Issue amount | Issue price | Balance at Beginng of the Term | Amount of increase during the term | during | Term-end balance Amount to be redeemed within a year | Rate | Maturity |
|---|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--------|--|-----------|------------------|
| First series fixed- rate unsecured bonds (Limited to qualified institutional investors | Dec. 10, 2003 | 15,000 | \ 100.00 | 15,000 | | _ | 15,000 | % 0.88 | Dec. 12, 2008 |

III.Other Information

[Corporate Profile] As of the End of March 2007

| 1. Trade Name: | Seven Bank, Ltd. | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| 2. Address of Head Office: | 1-6-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | |
| 3. President: | Takashi Anzai | |
| 4. Established: | April 10, 2001 | |
| 5. Commencement of Business: May 7, 2001 | | |
| 6. Capital: | 61 billion yen | |

- 7. Number of Outstanding Stocks: 1.22 million shares
- 8. Main Shareholders

| Name of Shareholders | (Number of Shares Held) | Share |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ito-Yokado Co.,Ltd. | 306,361 | 25.11% |
| Seven-Eleven Japan Co.,Ltd. | 303,639 | 24.89% |
| The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. | 60,000 | 4.92% |
| York Benimaru Co., Ltd. | 55,240 | 4.53% |
| Resona Bank, Limited | 30,000 | 2.46% |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation | 30,000 | 2.46% |
| The Dai-ichi Mutual Life Insurance Company | 30,000 | 2.46% |
| Life Foods Co., Ltd. | 30,000 | 2.46% |
| Hitachi Ltd. | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| NEC Corporation | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Nippon Life Insurance Company | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Limited | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Nomura Holdings, Inc. | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| Nikko Cordial Corporation | 20,000 | 1.64% |
| | | *Rounded off to two decimal places |

9. Directors and Internal Auditors

Statutory Auditor (Part-Time)

Statutory Auditor (Part-Time)

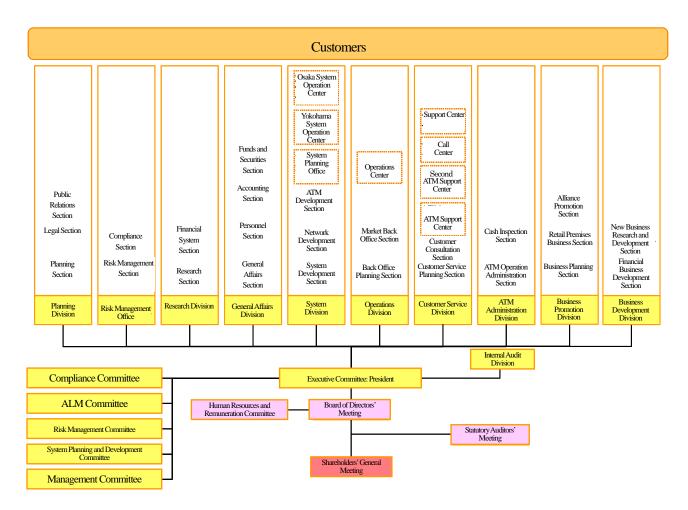
| President | Takashi Anzai |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Managing Director | Masatoshi Wakasugi |
| Director | Toshiaki Ikeda |
| Director | Isamu Hirai |
| Director | Kensuke Futagoishi |
| Director (Part -time) | Takahide Sakurai |
| Director (Part -time) | Nobutake Sato |
| Director (Part –time) | Tdahiko Ujiie |
| | |
| Statutory Auditor | Tanaka Hideo |
| Statutory Auditor (Part-Time) | Masaharu Hino |

10. Number of Employees: 211 persons (excluding directors, internal auditors, temporary staff and

Sachiko Kishimoto

Masayuki Sato

[Organization Chart] (As of the End of March 2006)



 $\langle\!\langle Names \text{ of the general managers of each division} \rangle\!\rangle$

| Division | Name of General Manager |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Internal Audit Division | Yuji Akita |
| Planning Division | Isamu Hirai (Director) |
| Risk Management Office | Masatoshi Wakasugi (Managing Director) |
| Research Division | Haruyuki Inao |
| General Affairs Division | Nobuo Shirai |
| System Division | Toshiaki Ikeda (Director) |
| Operations Division | Kazuhiko Matsushita |
| Customer Service Division | Naoki Yamazaki |
| ATM Administration Division | Tsutomu Yamazaki |
| Business Promotion Division | Kensuke Futagoishi (Director) |
| Business Development Division | Yasuaki Funatake |
| | |

[Risk Management System]

The Bank has designed our risk management system in order to promote financial soundness and operational efficiency through the proper monitoring and management of the specific type of risks that we face in conducting our business. Our board of directors has established a "Fundamental Risk Management Policy" that governs such matters as the overall bank-wide risk management policy, risk management policy regarding each specific type of risk and internal structures and systems for the management of risk. Based upon the Fundamental Risk Management Policy, our Executive Committee has established detailed rules and regulations governing our day-to-day risk management measures.

Our internal risk management structure includes a Risk Management Office, which is responsible for supervising overall bank-wide risk management activities, a Specific Risk Management Division corresponding to each type of risk and an Internal Audit Division to perform internal audits. In addition, we have also established a Risk Management Committee and an Asset-Liability Management (ALM) Committee to act as advisory bodies to our Executive Committee with respect to risk management issues.

Credit Risk Management System

Our risk management policies relating to credit risk are governed by our Fundamental Risk Management Policy and by the Credit Risk Rules established thereunder by our Executive Committee. Currently, our risk management activities are limited to ATM remittance business, ALM management of the interbank deposits placed with top rated correspondent financial institutions, lending of funds in the call-money market and ATM-related temporary payment amounts due to us from correspondent financial institutions. In addition, we perform self-assessment of assets quality and establish an allowance of credit losses in accordance with our self-assessment guidelines, our reserve guidelines and related internal rules and procedures.

Market Risk Management System

Our risk management policies relating to market risk are governed by our Fundamental Risk Management Policy and by the Market Risk Rules established thereunder. Our market Risk Rules establishes limits on the maximum level of funds at risk, market position limits and loss allowance limit. Our Risk Management Office monitors and measures our market risk on a daily basis in light of these limits and reports the results to our management. Our risk management operations are also based in part on the monthly reports of our ALM Committee regarding our market risk position, expected trends in the interest rate environment and other matters

Liquidity Risk Management

Our risk management policies related to liquidity risk are governed by our Fundamental Risk Management Policy and by the Liquidity Risk Rules established thereunder. Our Liquidity Risk Rules establish limits regarding the cash gaps that arise from difference between the duration of invested funds and our current cash needs. Our Risk Management Office monitors and measures our liquidity risk on a daily basis in light of these limits and reports the results to our management. In addition, we have adopted contingency plans regarding measures to be invoked in times of liquidity emergencies in order to facilitate timely and flexible bank-wide responses to different types of liquidity risk threats. As additional measures designed to ensure sufficient liquidity even in times of emergency, we have secured a number of

Operational Risk Management

As a bank whose business consists primarily of the execution of transactions, mainly through our network of ATMs, that do not involve person-to-person interaction, our Operational Risk Management Rules as well as detailed operational regulations established thereunder reflect this special nature of our business and have been designed to ensure accuracy and appropriateness in our administrative operations. To prevent the opening of fraudulent accounts and money laundering related abuse of our accounts, we have independently adopted, and we strictly enforce, our own internal identity verification procedures applicable to customers when they apply to open new accounts. Through our ATM call centers/telephone centers, we field customer inquiries and complaints on a year-round basis. Furthermore, self-examinations by each division/center and internal audits by the Internal Audit Division are periodically executed in order to prevent operational errors/injustice.

System Risk Management

Our basic policies for the management of system risk are set forth in the System Risk Rules. In developing and operating our system in accordance with the Rules, we seek to improve the efficiency of our systems development, the quality of the services we provide, and the safety and soundness of our system. In designing our system to protect against system risk, we have made maximum use of the most up-to-date information technology available, we have incorporated one or more layers of redundancy in our network and our hardware to help protect against system failures and natural disasters, and we have established backup systems designed to engage in the event of an emergency. Our library of programs and files are copied onto backup systems as appropriate based on their relative importance to our operations, and such backup data are kept in off-site storage facilities as a further precaution against unforeseen events.

We also take the utmost care in managing and protecting the data records on our systems, including measures such as the use of firewalls to block unauthorized access to our systems, monitoring access to systems 24 hours a day 365 days a year, encrypting all electronic transactions with our customers, and employing anti-virus throughout our systems. To gain our customers faith in the safety and soundness of our systems, we have also established a contingency plan to govern our response to a major system failure or natural disaster and we conduct periodic training sessions based on this contingency plan.

[Compliance System]

We consider compliance with applicable laws and social norms to be a fundamental prerequisite for earning the trust of our customers. We are also aware that, as a banking institution, we have certain important public duties and significant social responsibilities. With these concerns in mind, we have developed the practices described below to help ensure proper compliance, one of the most important responsibilities of our management.

Compliance System

We appoint a compliance officer to each of our internal divisions, with a duty to supervise compliance efforts and to serve as a point-person whom others in that division may approach to discuss compliance –related complaints and other problems. Our Risk Management Office, led by the officer in charge, works with each of our internal divisions to improve accountability and responsibility to self-help and reciprocal monitoring as a means of creating an

organizational environment with an inherent self-monitoring function. Our Internal Audit Division conducts independent internal audits of our compliance system on a bank-wide basis. In addition, our Compliance Committee, which acts as an advisory body to our Executive Committee, reviews and evaluates all significant compliance issues as they arise.

Compliance Program

We establish a specific compliance program for each fiscal year that sets out the compliance activities to be performed during that year. The measures to be undertaken in any given fiscal year are set forth in that year's compliance program. Our board of directors reviews and evaluates the progress and practical results of our compliance activities under the compliance program for the relevant year and, based on such reviews and evaluations, designs and adopts the compliance program for the following year.

Compliance Manual

To enhance compliance, we publish a compliance manual that is distributed internally to all of our employees. We revise and update our compliance manual as appropriate to reflect amendments and changes to applicable laws and regulations. In order to emphasize the importance and ensure that our employees are familiar with our compliance manual, we also undertake compliance training sessions within each division in accordance with the then-applicable compliance program.